

robustel User Guide

R3000

Industrial Dual SIM Cellular VPN Router 2 Eth + 1 RS-232 + 1 RS-485 + 1 USB Host





Guangzhou Robustel LTD www.robustel.com

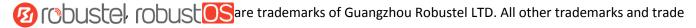


About This Document

This document provides hardware and software information of the Robustel R3000 Router, including introduction, installation, configuration and operation.

Copyright©2020 Guangzhou Robustel LTD All rights reserved.

Trademarks and Permissions



names mentioned in this document are the property of their respective owners.

Disclaimer

No part of this document may be reproduced in any form without the written permission of the copyright owner. The contents of this document are subject to change without notice due to continued progress in methodology, design and manufacturing. Robustel shall have no liability for any error or damage of any kind resulting from the use of this document.

Technical Support

Tel: +86-20-29019902 Fax: +86-20-82321505

Email: support@robustel.com
Web: www.robustel.com



Important Notice

Due to the nature of wireless communications, transmission and reception of data can never be guaranteed. Data may be delayed, corrupted (i.e., have errors) or be totally lost. Although significant delays or losses of data are rare when wireless devices such as the router is used in a normal manner with a well-constructed network, the router should not be used in situations where failure to transmit or receive data could result in damage of any kind to the user or any other party, including but not limited to personal injury, death, or loss of property. Robustel accepts no responsibility for damages of any kind resulting from delays or errors in data transmitted or received using the router, or for failure of the router to transmit or receive such data.

Safety Precautions

General

- The router generates radio frequency (RF) power. When using the router, care must be taken on safety issues related to RF interference as well as regulations of RF equipment.
- Do not use your router in aircraft, hospitals, petrol stations or in places where using cellular products is prohibited.
- Be sure that the router will not be interfering with nearby equipment. For example: pacemakers or medical
 equipment. The antenna of the router should be away from computers, office equipment, home appliance, etc.
- An external antenna must be connected to the router for proper operation. Only uses approved antenna with the router. Please contact authorized distributor on finding an approved antenna.
- Always keep the antenna with minimum safety distance of 20 cm or more from human body. Do not put the antenna inside metallic box, containers, etc.
- When used, the device needs a suitable environment.
 - 1. If indoors, it needs to be provided an indoor enclosure.
 - 2. If outdoors, it needs to be provided a rain proof enclosure.
- RF exposure statements
 - 1. For mobile devices without co-location (the transmitting antenna is installed or located more than 20cm away from the body of user and nearby person)
- FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement
 - 1. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
 - This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.
 This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and human body.

Note: Some airlines may permit the use of cellular phones while the aircraft is on the ground and the door is open. Router may be used at this time.

Using the Router in Vehicle

- Check for any regulation or law authorizing the use of cellular devices in vehicle in your country before installing the router.
- The driver or operator of any vehicle should not operate the router while driving.
- Install the router by qualified personnel. Consult your vehicle distributor for any possible interference of electronic parts by the router.
- The router should be connected to the vehicle's supply system by using a fuse-protected terminal in the vehicle's fuse box.
- Be careful when the router is powered by the vehicle's main battery. The battery may be drained after extended period.



Protecting Your Router

To ensure error-free usage, please install and operate your router with care. Do remember the following:

- Do not expose the router to extreme conditions such as high humidity / rain, high temperature, direct sunlight, caustic / harsh chemicals, dust, or water.
- Do not try to disassemble or modify the router. There is no user serviceable part inside and the warranty would be void
- Do not drop, hit or shake the router. Do not use the router under extreme vibrating conditions.
- Do not pull the antenna or power supply cable. Attach/detach by holding the connector.
- Connect the router only according to the instruction manual. Failure to do it will void the warranty.
- In case of problem, please contact authorized distributor.



Regulatory and Type Approval Information

Table 1: Directives

2011/65/EU	The European RoHS2.0 2011/65/EU Directive was issued by the European parliament and the European Council on 1 July 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain Hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.	RoH5 compliant
2012/19/EU	The European WEEE 2012/19/EU Directive was issued by the European parliament and the European Council on 24 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment.	
2013/56/EU	The European 2013/56/EU Directive is a battery Directive which published in the EU officion 10 December 2013. The button battery used in this product conforms to the sta 2013/56/EU directive.	_

Table 2: Standards of the electronic industry of the People's Republic of China

Table 2:	Standard	ds of the electronic industry of the People's Republic of China
SJ/T	11363-	The electronic industry standard of the People's Republic of China SJ/T 11363-2006 "Requirements
2006		for Concentration Limits for Certain Toxic and Hazardous Substances in Electronic Information
		Products" issued by the ministry of information industry of the People's Republic of China on
		November 6, 2006, stipulates the maximum allowable concentration of toxic and hazardous
		substances in electronic information products.
		Please see <u>Table 3</u> for an overview of toxic or hazardous substances or elements that might be
		contained in product parts in concentrations above the limits defined by SJ/T 11363-2006.
SJ/T	11364-	The electronic industry standard of the People's Republic of China SJ/T 11364-2014 "Labeling
2014		Requirements for Restricted Use of Hazardous Substances in Electronic and Electrical Products"
		issued by the ministry of Industry and information technology of the People's Republic of China on
		July 9, 2014, stipulates the Labeling requirements of hazardous substances in electronic and
		electrical products, environmental protection use time limit and whether it can be recycled.
		This standard is applicable to electronic and electrical products sold within the territory of the
		People's Republic of China, and can also be used for reference in the logistics process of electronic
		and electrical products.
		The orange logo below is used for Robustel products:
		Indicates its warning attribute, that is, some hazardous substances are contained in the product.
		The "10" in the middle of the legend refers to the environment-friendly Use Period (EFUP) * of
		electronic information product, which is 10 years. It can be used safely during the environment-
		friendly Use Period. After the environmental protection period of use, it should enter the recycling
		system.
		*The term of environmental protection use of electronic information products refers to the term
		during which the toxic and hazardous substances or elements contained in electronic information
		products will not be leaked or mutated and cause serious pollution to the environment or serious
		damage to people and property under normal conditions of use.



Table 3: Toxic or Hazardous Substances or Elements with Defined Concentration Limits

Name of	Hazardous Substances									
the Part	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr(VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)	(DEHP)	(BBP)	(DBP)	(DIBP)
Metal parts	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Circuit modules	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cables and cable assemblie s	0	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	o	0
Plastic and polymeric parts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	O	0

o:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in RoHS2.0.

X:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part *might exceed* the limit requirement in RoHS2.0.

-:

Indicates that it does not contain the toxic or hazardous substance.



Document History

Updates between document versions are cumulative. Therefore, the latest document version contains all updates made to previous versions.

Date	Firmware Version	Document Version	Change Description
Mar. 27, 2017	3.0.0	v.4.0.0	Initial release
Jul. 17, 2017	3.0.0	v.4.0.1	 Updated pictures in Chapter 2 Updated OpenVPN configuration in Chapter 4.3.2 Other minor editorial changes
Jul. 20, 2017	3.0.0	v.4.0.2	Updated the description of DI/DO interface
Aug. 11, 2017	3.0.0	v.4.0.4	Added the new model R3000-NU to the ordering information
Feb.26, 2018	3.0.5	v.4.0.8	Updated firmware
Jun. 29, 2018	3.0.5	v.4.0.9	Revised the company name
Jan. 29, 2019	3.0.5	v.4.0.15	Revised the certificationsRevised the Frequency bands of Wifi
Jul. 22, 2019	3.0.5	v.4.1.0	 Revised the description of enclosure Revised the Regulatory and Type Approval Information
Sep. 23, 2019	3.0.5	v.4.1.1	Revised the Approvals
Oct. 23, 2019	3.0.5	v.4.1.2	Added the DNP3 Transparent to Serial portAdded the Storage Temperature
Nov. 26, 2019	3.0.5	v.4.1.3	Revised the description of Update firmware via tftp
Feb. 28, 2020	3.0.5	v.4.1.4	 Revised the screenshot of ROS interface; Revised the parameter description; Added the related information of IPv6; Revised the Regulatory and Type Approval Information Delete the information in Key features Delete the information of Software in Specifications Delete the information of APP Center in Specifications Delete the information of Approvals in Specifications Delete the Ordering information Added the information of USB key Revised the information of IPsec VPN gateway address Revised the maximum count of filtering Revised the connector information of WiFi
Aug. 6, 2020	3.0.5	v.4.1.5	InterfaceRevised the Pin Assignment in chapter 2.1



Revised the serial port configuration
example in chapter 4.1.4
Revised the serial port configuration
example in chapter 4.1.5
Added the serial port configuration example
in chapter 4.1.6



Contents

Chapter 1	Product Overview	11
1.1	Key Features	11
1.2	Package Contents	11
1.3	Specifications	13
1.4	Dimensions	15
1.5	Warning	16
Chapter 2	Hardware Installation	17
2.1	PIN Assignment	17
2.2	LED Indicators	18
2.3	USB Interface	19
2.4	Reset Button	20
2.5	Ethernet Ports	21
2.6	Insert or Remove SIM Card/Micro SD Card	22
2.7	Attach External Antenna (SMA Type)	23
2.8	Mount the Router	23
2.9	Ground the Router	25
2.10	Connect the Router to a Computer	26
2.11	Power Supply	26
Chapter 3	Initial Configuration	27
3.1	Configure the PC	27
3.2	Factory Default Settings	31
3.3	Log in the Router	31
3.4	Control Panel	32
3.5	Status	33
3.6	Interface > Link Manager	36
3.7	Interface > LAN	51
3.8	Interface > Ethernet	55
3.9	Interface > Cellular	57
3.10	Interface > WiFi	61
3.11	Interface > USB	70
3.12	Interface > DI/DO	71
3.13	Interface > Serial Port	75
3.14	Network > Route	79
3.15	Network > Firewall	80
3.16	Network > IP Passthrough	86
3.17	VPN > IPsec	87
3.18	VPN > OpenVPN	96
3.19	VPN > GRE	109
3.20	Services > Syslog	111
3.21	Services > Event	112
3.22	Services > NTP	115
3.23	Services > SMS	117
3.24	Services > Email	118



3.25	5	Serv	ices > DDNS	119
3.26	5	Serv	ices > SSH	120
3.27	7	Serv	ices > GPS	121
3.28	3	Serv	ices > Web Server	125
3.29	9	Serv	ices > Advanced	126
3.30)	Syst	em > Debug	128
3.31	1	Syst	em > Update	129
3.32	2	Syst	em > App Center	130
3.33	3	Syst	em > Tools	131
3.34	4	Syst	em > Profile	133
3.35	5	Syst	em > User Management	135
Chapter	4	Con	figuration Examples	137
4.1		Inte	rface	137
	4.1.	1	Console Port	137
	4.1.	2	Digital Input	138
	4.1.	3	Digital Output	138
	4.1.	4	1*RS-232+1*RS-485	139
	4.1.	5	2*RS-232	139
	4.1.	6	2*RS-485	140
4.2		Cell	ılar	141
	4.2.	1 Ce	lular Dial-Up	141
	4.2.	2 SIV	S Remote Control	143
4.3		Net	vork	146
	4.3.	1	IPsec VPN	146
	4.3.	2	OpenVPN	150
	4.3.	3	GRE VPN	152
Chapter	5	Intro	oductions for CLI	155
5.1		Wha	it is CLI	155
5.2		How	to Configure the CLI	157
5.3			ımands Reference	
5.4		Quid	ck Start with Configuration Examples	158
Classami	_		·	165



Chapter 1 Product Overview

1.1 Key Features

The Robustel Industrial Dual SIM Cellular VPN Router (R3000) is a rugged cellular router offering state-of-the-art mobile connectivity for machine to machine (M2M) applications.

R3000 is a powerful router developed from RobustOS, a Robustel self-developed and Linux-based operating system which is designed to be used in Robustel devices. The RobustOS includes basic networking features and protocols providing customers with a very good user experience. Meanwhile, Robustel offers a Software Development Kit (SDK) for partners and customers to allow additional customization by using C, Python or Java. It also provides rich Apps to meet fragmented IoT market demands.

1.2 Package Contents

Before installing your R3000 Router, verify the kit contents as following. **Note**: The following pictures are for illustration purposes only, not based on their actual sizes.

1 x Robustel R3000 Industrial Dual SIM Cellular VPN Router (GPS/WiFi optional)









With WiFi and GPS

Only with GPS

Only with WiFi

Without WiFi and GPS

• 1 x 3-pin 5 mm male terminal block with lock for power supply





• 1 x 7-pin 3.5 mm male terminal block with lock for serial port, I/O and console port



• 1 x Quick Start Guide with download link of other documents or tools



Note: If any of the above items is missing or damaged, please contact your Robustel sales representative.

Optional Accessories (sold separately):

3G/4G SMA cellular antenna (stubby/magnet optional)

Stubby antenna

Magnet antenna





• RP-SMA WiFi antenna (stubby/magnet optional)

Stubby antenna

Magnet antenna







Wall mounting kit



35 mm DIN rail mounting kit



Ethernet cable



AC/DC power adapter (12V DC, 1.5 A; EU/US/UK/AU plug optional)



Specifications 1.3

Cellular Interface

Number of antennas: 2 (MAIN + AUX)

Connector: SMA-K SIM: 2 (3.0 V & 1.8 V)

Standards: GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSDPA/HSPA+/DC-HSPA+/TD-SCDMA/CDMA (CDMA

1X/EVDO)/FDD LTE/TDD LTE GSM: max DL/UL = 9.6/2.7 Kbps

GPRS: max DL/UL = 86 Kbps



EDGE: max DL/UL = 236.8 Kbps

WCDMA/TD-SCDMA: max DL/UL = 2.8 Mbps/384 Kbps

EVDO: max DL/UL = 5.4 Mbps/14.7 Kbps

HSPA+: max DL/UL = 21/5.76 Mbps, fallback to 2G DC-HSPA+: max DL/UL = 42/5.76 Mbps, fallback to 2G FDD LTE: max DL/UL = 100/50 Mbps, fallback to 2G/3G TDD LTE: max DL/UL = 100/50 Mbps, fallback to 2G/3G

Ethernet Interface

Number of ports: 2 x 10/100 Mbps, 2 x LAN or 1 x LAN + 1 x WAN

Magnet isolation protection: 1.5 KV

WiFi Interface (Optional)

Number of antennas: 1Connector: RP-SMA-K

Standards: 802.11a/b/g/n, supporting AP and Client modes

Frequency bands: 2.4 GHz

5 GHz

Security: Open ,WPA, WPA2, WEP
 Encryption: AES, TKIP, WEP64
 Data speed: Up to 150 Mbps

Receiving sensitivity: 1 M
 -97 dBm (< 8% PER)

(+/- 1 dBm) 54 Mbps -76.5 dBm (< 10% PER)

MCS7 (20 MHz) -72 dBm (< 10% PER) MCS7 (40 MHz) -69 dBm (< 10% PER)

GPS/GLONASS Interface (Optional)

• Number of antennas: 1

Connector: SMA female with 50 ohms impedance

Tracking sensitivity: GPS: greater than -148 dBm

GLONASS: greater than -140 dBm

Horizontal position accuracy: GPS: 2.5 m

GLONASS: 4.0 m

Protocol: NMEA-0183 V2.3

Serial Interface

Number of ports: 1 x RS-232 and 1 x RS-485, The hardware is configurable as 2 x RS-485 or 2 x RS-232

Connector: 7-pin 3.5 mm female socket with lock

ESD protection: ±15 KV

Baud rate: 300 bps to 230400 bps

Parameters: 8E1, 8O1, 8N1, 8N2, 7E2, 7O2, 7N2, 7E1

RS-232: TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, GND

RS-485: Data+ (A), Data- (B)



DI/DO

• Type: 2 x DI (dry contact) + 2 x DO (wet contact), 4 x DI, 4 x DO, 3 x DI + 1 x DO or 3 x DO + 1 x DI

• Connector: 7-pin 3.5 mm female socket with lock

• Isolation: 3KVDC or 2KVrms

Absolute maximum VDC: "V+" +5V DC (DI), 30V DC (DO)

Absolute maximum ADC: 300 mA

Others

• 1 x RST button

1 x Micro SD interface

• 1 x USB 2.0 host up to 480 Mbps

• 1 x CLI interface

• LED indicators - 1 x RUN, 1 x PPP, 1 x USR, 1 x RSSI, 1 x NET, 1 x SIM

Power Supply and Consumption

Connector: 3-pin 5 mm female socket with lock

Input voltage: 9 to 60V DC

Power consumption: Idle: 100 mA@12 V;Data link: 400 mA (peak) @12 V

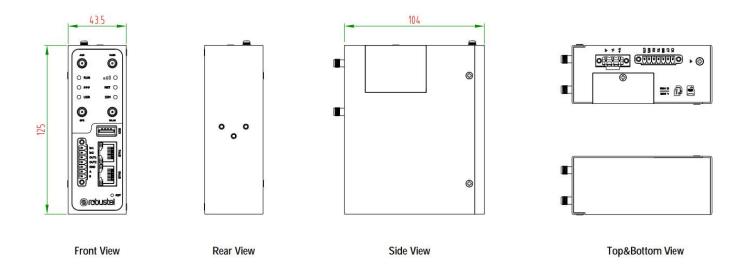
Physical Characteristics

Ingress protection: IP30

Housing & Weight: Metal, 570 gDimensions: 125 x 104 x 43.5 mm

• Installations: Desktop, wall mounting or 35 mm DIN rail mounting

1.4 Dimensions





1.5 Warning

WARNING — EXPLOSION HAZAD. DO NOT REMOVE OR REPLACE WHILE CIRCUIT IS LIVE UNLESS THE AREA IS FREE OF IGNITIBLE CONCENTRATIONS.

AVERTISSEMENT — RISQUE D'EXPLOSION. NE PAS RETIRER OU REMPLACER LORSQUE LE CIRCUIT EST SOUS TENSION, À MOINS QUE LE MILIEU SOIT LIBRE DE SUBSTANCES INFLAMMABLES CONCENTRÉES.



Chapter 2 Hardware Installation

PIN Assignment 2.1



0

NET O











PIN	Debug	RS-232	Direction
1	CR		R3000 ← Device
2	СТ		R3000 → Device
3	GND	GND	
4		TXD	R3000 → Device
5		RXD	R3000 ← Device
6		RTS	R3000 → Device
7		CTS	R3000 ← Device

Note: When the device is configured as 2*RS-485, the pin is defined as follows:

PIN	Debug	RS-485	Direction
4		Data+(A)	R3000 → Device
5		Data- (B)	R3000 ← Device

PIN	Power
8	Positive
9	Negative
10	GND

PIN	DI/DO	RS-485	Direction
11	Input 1	1	R3000 ← Device
12	Input 2		R3000 ← Device
13	Output 1	-	R3000 → Device
14	Output 2		R3000 → Device
15	GND		
16		Data+(A)	R3000 ↔ Device
17		Data- (B)	R3000 ↔ Device

PIN	DI/DO	RS-232	Direction
11	Input 1		R3000 ← Device
12	Input 2		R3000 ← Device
13	Output 1		R3000 → Device
14	Output 2		R3000 → Device
15	IO_GND		
16		TXD	R3000 ↔ Device
17		RXD	R3000 ↔ Device
3		GND	

Note: When PIN16/PIN17 is configured as RS-232, the GND of RS-232 should be connected to PIN3.



2.2 LED Indicators



Name	Color	Status	Description
RUN	Green	On, fast blinking	Router is powered on
		(250 mSec blink time)	(System is initializing)
		On, blinking	Router starts operating
		(500 mSec blink time)	
		Off	Router is powered off
PPP	Green	On, solid	Link connection is working
		Off	Link connection is not working
USR-OpenVPN	Green	On, solid	OpenVPN connection is established
		Off	OpenVPN connection is not established
USR-IPsec	Green	On, solid	IPsec connection is established
		Off	IPsec connection is not established
USR-WiFi	Green	On, solid	WiFi is enabled and working properly
		Off	WiFi is disabled or not working properly
	Green	On, solid	High Signal strength (21-31) is available
• • • •	Yellow	On, solid	Medium Signal strength (11-20) is available
	Red	On, solid	Low Signal strength (1-10) is available
		Off	No signal
NET	Green	On, solid	Connection to 4G network is established
	Yellow	On, solid	Connection to 3G network is established



	Red	On, solid	Connection to 2G network is established
		Off	Connection to network is not established or establishing
SIM	Green	On, blinking	Backup card is being used
		Off	Main card is being used

Note: You can choose the display type of USR LED. For more details, please refer to **3.29 Service > Advanced**.

2.3 USB Interface



Function	Operation
Firmware	USB interface is used for batch firmware upgrading, but cannot
upgrade	be used for sending or receiving data from slave devices which
	connected to it. You can insert a USB storage device into the
	router's USB interface, such as a U disk or a hard disk. If there
	have a supported configuration file or a router firmware in this
	USB storage device, the router will automatically update the
	configuration file or the firmware. For more details, see 3.11
	Interface > USB.



2.4 Reset Button



Function	Operation
Reboot	Press and hold the RST button for at least 5 seconds under
	the operating status.
Restore to	Wait for 5 seconds after powering up the router, press and
factory default	hold the RST button until all six LEDs start blinking one by
settings	one, and release the button to return the router to factory
	defaults.



2.5 Ethernet Ports

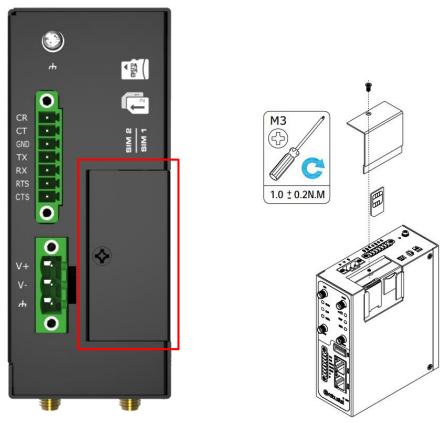


There are two Ethernet ports on R3000 Router, including ETH0 and ETH1. Each Ethernet port has two LED indicators. The yellow one is a link indicator, while the green one is a speed indicator. For details about status, see the table below.

Indicator	Status	Description
Link indicator	On, solid	Connection is established
	On, blinking	Data is being transferred
	Off	Connection is not established
Speed indicator	On, solid	100 Mbps mode
	Off	10 Mbps mode



2.6 Insert or Remove SIM Card/Micro SD Card



Insert or remove the SIM/Micro SD card as shown in the following steps.

Insert SIM card/Micro SD card

- 1. Make sure router is powered off.
- 2. To remove slot cover, loosen the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver and then find the SIM card slot/SD card slot.
- 3. To insert SIM card/Micro SD card, press the card with finger until you hear a click and then tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.
- 4. To put back the cover and tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.

Remove SIM card/Micro SD card

- 1. Make sure router is powered off.
- 2. To remove slot cover, loosen the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver and then find the SIM card slot/SD card slot.
- 3. To remove SIM card/Micro SD card, press the card with finger until it pops out and then take out the card.
- 4. To put back the cover and tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.

Note:

- 1. Recommended torque for inserting is 0.5 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 0.7 N.m.
- 2. Use the specific card when the device is working in extreme temperature (temperature exceeding 40 °C), because the regular card for long-time working in harsh environment will be disconnected frequently.
- 3. Do not forget to twist the cover tightly to avoid being stolen.
- 4. Do not touch the metal of the card surface in case information in the card will lose or be destroyed.

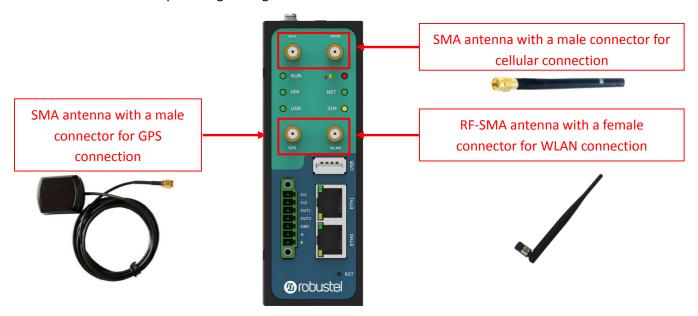


- 5. Do not bend or scratch the card.
- 6. Keep the card away from electricity and magnetism.
- 7. Make sure router is powered off before inserting or removing the card.

2.7 Attach External Antenna (SMA Type)

Attach an external SMA antenna to the router's antenna connector and twist tightly. Make sure the antenna is within the correct frequency range provided by the ISP and with 50 Ohm impedance.

Note: Recommended torque for tightening is 0.35 N.m.



2.8 Mount the Router

The router can be placed on a desktop or mounted to a wall or a 35 mm DIN rail.

Note:

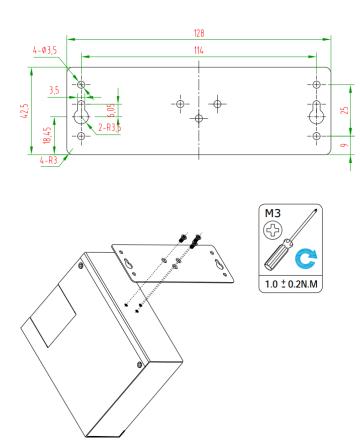
When used, the device needs a suitable environment.

- 1. If indoors, it needs to be provided an indoor enclosure.
- 2. If outdoors, it needs to be provided a rain proof enclosure.

Two methods for mounting the router

1. Wall mounting (measured in mm)

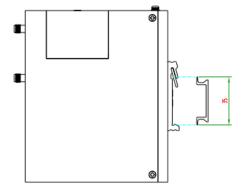




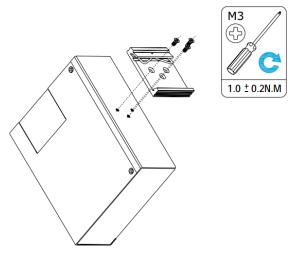
Use 3 pcs of M3*4 flat head Phillips screws to fix the wall mounting kit to the router, and then use 2 pcs of M3 drywall screws to mount the router associated with the wall mounting kit on the wall.

Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N.m.

2. DIN rail mounting (measured in mm)







Use 3 pcs of M3*6 flat head Phillips screws to fix the DIN rail to the router, and then hang the DIN rail on the mounting bracket. It is necessary to choose a standard bracket.

Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N.m.

2.9 Ground the Router

Router grounding helps prevent the noise effect due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Connect the router to the site ground wire by the ground screw before powering on.

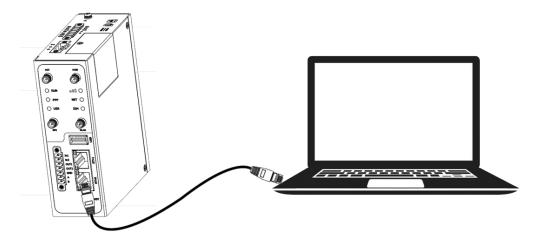
Note: This product is appropriate to be mounted on a sound grounded device surface, such as a metal panel.



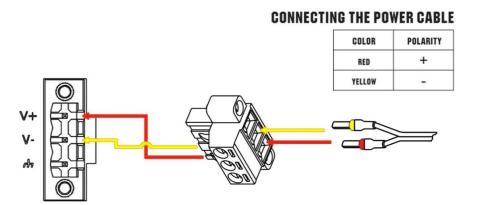


2.10 Connect the Router to a Computer

Connect an Ethernet cable to the port marked ETH0 or ETH1 at the front of the R3000 Router, and connect the other end of the cable to your computer.



2.11 Power Supply



R3000 Router supports reverse polarity protection, but always refers to the figure above to connect the power adapter correctly. There are two cables associated with the power adapter. Following to the color of the head, connect the cable marked red to the positive pole through a terminal block, and connect the yellow one to the negative in the same way. The last step is to plug the power adapter into your socket.

Note: The range of power voltage is 9 to 60V DC.



Chapter 3 Initial Configuration

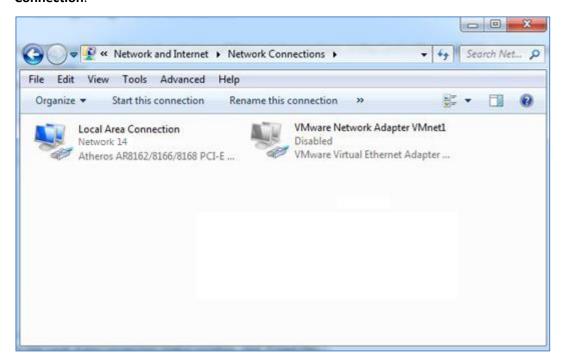
The router can be configured through your web browser that including IE 8.0 or above, Chrome and Firefox, etc. A web browser is included as a standard application in the following operating systems: Linux, Mac OS, Windows 98/NT/2000/XP/Me/Vista/7/8, etc. It provides an easy and user-friendly interface for configuration. There are various ways to connect the router, either through an external repeater/hub or connect directly to your PC. However, make sure that your PC has an Ethernet interface properly installed prior to connecting the router. You must configure your PC to obtain an IP address through a DHCP server or a fixed IP address that must be in the same subnet as the router. If you encounter any problems accessing the router web interface, it is advisable to uninstall your firewall program on your PC, as this tends to cause problems accessing the IP address of the router.

3.1 Configure the PC

There are two methods to get IP address for the PC. One is to obtain an IP address automatically from "Local Area Connection", and another is to configure a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router. Please refer to the steps below.

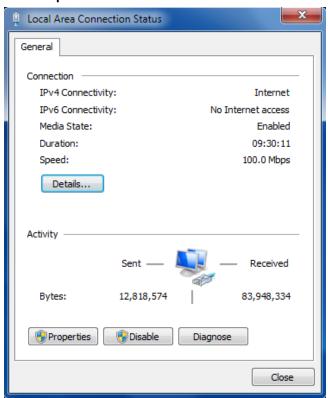
Here take Windows 7 as example, and the configuration for windows system is similar.

 Click Start > Control panel, double-click Network and Sharing Center, and then double-click Local Area Connection.

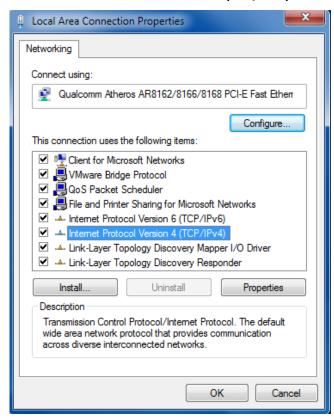




2. Click **Properties** in the window of **Local Area Connection Status**.

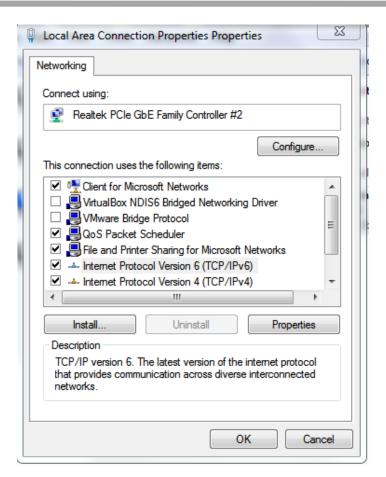


3. Choose Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and click Properties.

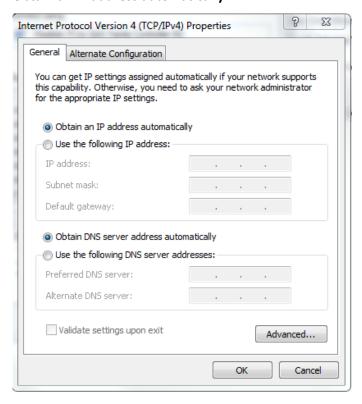


Select Internet protocol version 6 (TCP/IPv6), and click Properties.

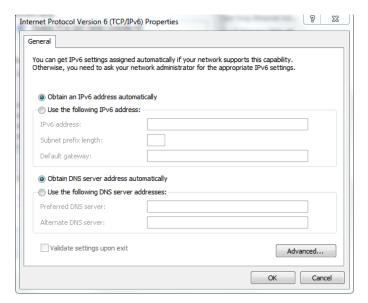




Two ways for configuring the IP address of PC
 Obtain an IP address automatically:

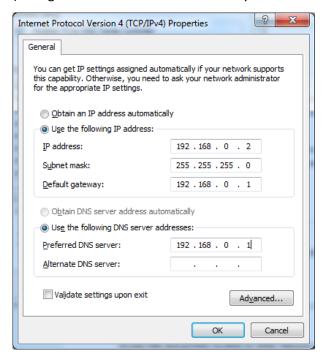




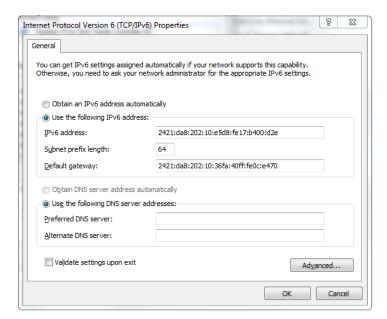


Use the following IP address:

(Configured a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router)







5. Click **OK** to finish the configuration.

3.2 Factory Default Settings

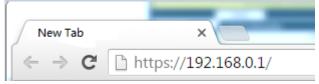
Before configuring your router, you need to know the following default settings.

Item	Description
Username	admin
Password	admin
ETH0	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
ETH1	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
DHCP Server	Enabled

3.3 Log in the Router

To log in to the management page and view the configuration status of your router, please follow the steps below.

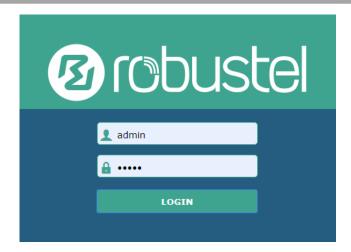
- 1. On your PC, open a web browser such as Internet Explorer, Google and Firebox, etc.
- 2. From your web browser, type the IP address of the router into the address bar and press enter. The default IP address of the router is http://192.168.0.1/, though the actual address may vary.



3. In the login page, enter the username and password, choose language and then click **LOGIN**. The default username and password are "admin".

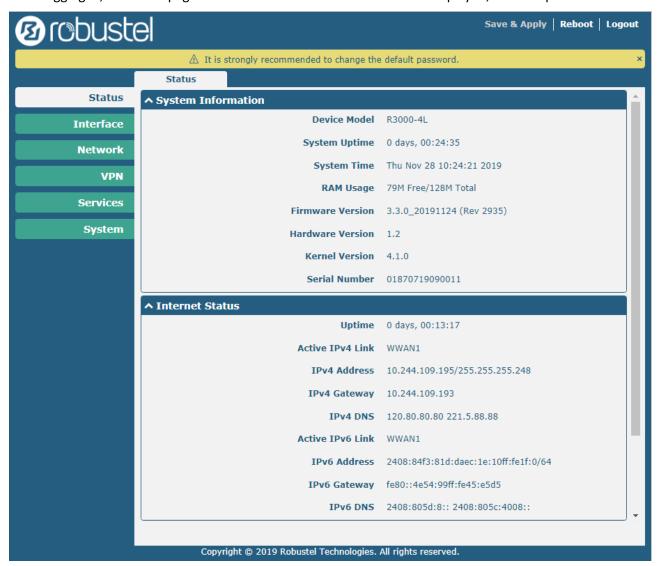
Note: If enter the wrong username or password over six times, the login web will be locked for 5 minutes.





3.4 Control Panel

After logging in, the home page of the R3000 Router's web interface is displayed, for example.





From the home page, users can perform operations such as saving configuration, restarting the router, and logging out.

Using the original password to log in the router, the page will pop up the following tab

⚠ It is strongly recommended to change the default password.

Click to close the popup. It is strongly recommended for security purposes that you change the default

username and/or password. To change your username and/or password, see 3.35 System > User Management.

	Control Panel		
Item	Description	Button	
Save & Apply	Click to save the current configuration into router's flash and apply the	Save & Apply	
	modification on every configuration page, to make the modification		
	taking effect.		
Reboot	Click to reboot the router. If the Reboot button is yellow, it means that	Reboot	
	some completed configurations will take effect only after reboot.		
Logout	Click to log the current user out safely. After logging out, it will switch to	Logout	
	login page. Shut down web page directly without logout, the next one can		
	login web on this browser without a password before timeout.		
Submit	Click to save the modification on current configuration page.	Submit	
Cancel	Click to cancel the modification on current configuration page.	Cancel	

Note: The steps of how to modify configuration are as bellow:

- 1. Modify in one page;
- 2. Click Submit under this page;
- 3. Modify in another page;
- 4. Click Submit under this page;
- 5. Complete all modification;
- 6. Click Save & Apply.

3.5 Status

This page allows you to view the System Information, Internet Status and LAN Status of your Router.



System Information

↑ System Information	
Device Model	R3000-4L
System Uptime	0 days, 00:24:35
System Time	Thu Nov 28 10:24:21 2019
RAM Usage	79M Free/128M Total
Firmware Version	3.3.0_20191124 (Rev 2935)
Hardware Version	1.2
Kernel Version	4.1.0
Serial Number	01870719090011

System Information		
Item	Description	
Device Model	Show the model name of your device.	
System Uptime	Show the current amount of time the router has been connected.	
System Time	Show the current system time.	
RAM Usage	Show the free memory and the total memory.	
Firmware Version	Show the firmware version running on the router.	
Hardware Version	Show the current hardware version.	
Kernel Version	Show the current kernel version.	
Serial Number	Show the serial number of your device.	

Internet Status

↑ Internet Status	
Uptime	0 days, 00:13:17
Active IPv4 Link	WWAN1
IPv4 Address	10.244.109.195/255.255.255.248
IPv4 Gateway	10.244.109.193
IPv4 DNS	120.80.80.80 221.5.88.88
Active IPv6 Link	WWAN1
IPv6 Address	2408:84f3:81d:daec:1e:10ff:fe1f:0/64
IPv6 Gateway	fe80::4e54:99ff:fe45:e5d5
IPv6 DNS	2408:805d:8:: 2408:805c:4008::



Internet Status		
Item	Description	
Uptime	Show the current amount of time the link has been connected.	
IPv4 Link Description	Show the currently online link: WWAN1, WWAN2, WAN or WLAN.	
IPIPv4 Address	Show the IPv4 address of current link.	
IPv4 Gateway	Show the IPv4 gateway of the current link.	
IPv4 DNS	Show the current IPv4 DNS server.	
IPv6 Link Description	Show the currently online link: WWAN1, WWAN2, WAN or WLAN.	
IPIPv6 Address	Show the IPv6 address of current link.	
IPv6 Gateway	Show the IPv6 gateway of the current link.	
IPv6 DNS	Show the current IPv6 DNS server.	

LAN Status

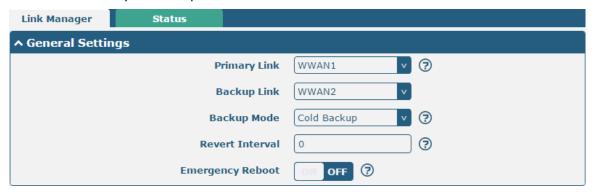
^ LAN Status		
	IP Address	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0
	Active IPv6 Address	2121:da8:202:10:36fa:40ff:fe18:68a8/64
	Inactive IPv6 Address	
	MAC Address	34:FA:40:18:68:A8

LAN Status		
Item	Description	
IP Address	Show the IPv4 address and the Netmask of the router.	
IPv6 Address	Shows the IPv6 address and prefix length obtained by the router along with the current backup link.	
Inactive IPv6 Address	Shows the IPv6 address and prefix length obtained by the router along with the current online link.	
MAC Address	Show the MAC address of the router.	



3.6 Interface > Link Manager

This section allows you to setup the link connection.

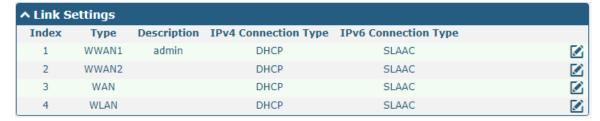


General Settings @ Link Manager		
Item	Description	Default
Primary Link	 Select from "WWAN1", "WWAN2", "WAN" or "WLAN". WWAN1: Select to make SIM1 as the primary wireless link WWAN2: Select to make SIM2 as the primary wireless link WAN: Select to make WAN Ethernet port as the primary wired link Note: WAN link is available only if enable eth0 as WAN port in Interface > Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings. WLAN: Select to make WLAN as the primary wireless link Note: WLAN link is available only if enable WiFi as Client mode, please refer to 3.10 Interface > WiFi. 	WWAN1
Backup Link	 Select from "None", "WWAN1", "WWAN2", "WAN" or "WLAN". None: Do not select any backup link WWAN1: Select to make SIM1 as backup wireless link WWAN2: Select to make SIM2 as backup wireless link WAN: Select to make WAN Ethernet port as the backup wired link Note: WAN link is available only if enable eth0 as WAN interface in Interface > Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings. WLAN: Select to make WLAN as the backup wireless link Note: WLAN link is available only if enable WiFi as Client mode, please refer to 3.10 Interface > WiFi. 	WWAN2
Backup Mode	 Select from "Cold Backup", "Warm Backup" or "Load Balancing". Cold Backup: The inactive link is offline on standby Warm Backup: The inactive link is online on standby Note: Warm backup mode is not available for dual SIM backup. Load Balancing: Use two links simultaneously 	Cold Backup
Revert Interval	Specify the number of minutes that elapses before the primary link is checked if a backup link is being used in cold backup mode. 0 means disable checking. Note: Revert interval is available only under the cold backup mode.	0
Emergency Reboot	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to reboot the whole system if no links available.	OFF



Note: Click ? for help.

Link Settings allows you to configure the parameters of link connection, including WWAN1/WWAN2, WAN and WLAN. It is recommended to enable Ping detection to keep the router always online. The Ping detection increases the reliability and also costs the data traffic.



Click on the right-most of WWAN1/WWAN2 to enter the configuration window.

WWAN1/WWAN2

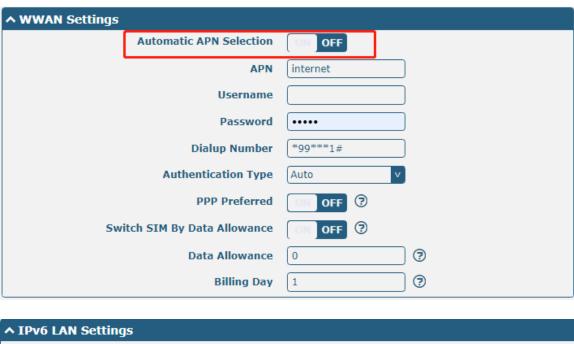


The window is displayed as below when enabling the "Automatic APN Selection" option.

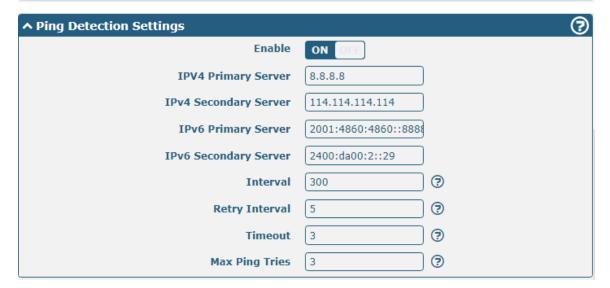




The window is displayed as below when disabling the "Automatic APN Selection" option.









↑ Advanced Settings	
IPv4 NAT Enable	ON OFF
Upload Bandwidth	10000
Download Bandwidth	10000
Overrided Primary DNS	
Overrided Secondary DNS	
Overrided IPv6 Primary DNS	
Overrided IPv6 Secondary DNS	
Debug Enable	ON DEE
Verbose Debug Enable	ON OFF

Link Settings (WWAN)			
Item	Description	Default	
	General Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Туре	Show the type of the link.	WWAN1	
Description	Enter a description for this link.	Null	
IPv6	Click the toggle button to enable / disable IPv6.	OFF	
	WWAN Settings		
Automatic APN Selection	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the "Automatic APN Selection" option. After enabling, the device will recognize the access point name automatically. Alternatively, you can disable this option and manually add the access point name.	ON	
APN	Enter the Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	internet	
Username	Enter the username for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null	
Password	Enter the password for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null	
Dialup Number	Enter the dialup number for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	*99***1#	
Authentication Type	Select from "Auto", "PAP" or "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto	
PPP Preferred	The PPP dial-up method is preferred.	OFF	
Switch SIM By Data Allowance	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. After enabling, it will switch to another SIM when the data limit reached. Note: Only used for dual SIM backup.	OFF	
Data Allowance	Set the monthly data traffic limitation. The system will record the data traffic statistics when data traffic limitation (MiB) is specified. The traffic record will be displayed in Interface > Link Manager > Status > WWAN Data Usage Statistics. 0 means disable data traffic record.	0	
Billing Day	Specify the monthly billing day. The data traffic statistics will be recalculated from that day.	1	
IPv6 LAN Settings			



Link Settings (WWAN)			
Item	Description	Default	
Connection Type	Select the link to assign an IPv6 prefix to the local area network.	Delegated	
IPv6 prefix	Set the static IPv6 prefix assigned by the link to the LAN.	null	
Enable IPv6 NAT	Set the link to enable IPv6 NAT.	OFF	
	Ping Detection Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a keep-alive policy of the router.	ON	
IPv4 Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the current IPv4 connectivity is active.	8.8.8.8	
IPv4 Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the current IPv4 connectivity is active.	114.114.11 4.114	
IPv6 Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the current IPv6 connectivity is active.	2001:4860: 4860::8888	
IPv6 Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the current IPv6 connectivity is active.	2400:da00: 2::29	
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300	
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again every retry interval.	5	
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3	
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if the max continuous ping tries reached.	3	
	Advanced Settings		
NAT Enable			
Upload Bandwidth	Set the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000	
Download Bandwidth	Set the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000	
Specify the Primary DNS server	Defines the primary IPv4 DNS server used by the link.	Null	
Specify the Secondary DNS server	Defines the Secondary IPv4 DNS server used by the link.	Null	
Specify the IPv6 Primary DNS server	Defines the primary IPv6 DNS server used by the link.	Null	
Specify the IPv6 Secondary DNS server	Defines the Secondary IPv6 DNS server used by the link.	Null	
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging information output.	ON	
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose debugging information output.	OFF	

WAN

Router will obtain IP automatically from DHCP server if choosing "DHCP" as IPv4 connection type. Router will obtain



IPv6 prefix automatically from DHCP server if choosing "SLAAC" as **IPv6 connection type**. The window is displayed as below.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Static" as the IPv4 connection type and IPv6 connection type.





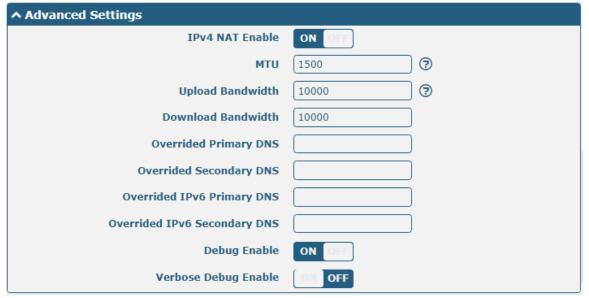
↑ General Settings			
	Index	3	
	Туре	WAN	
	Description	admin	
	IPv6 Enable	ON OFF	
	IPv4 Connection Type	Static	
	IPv6 Connection Type	Static	
^ Static Address Sett	tings		
	IP Address	?	
	Gateway		
	Primary DNS		
	Secondary DNS		
↑ IPv6 Static Addres	s Settings		
	IPv6 Address		
	IPv6 Gateway		
	IPv6 Primary DNS		
	IPv6 Secondary DNS		



The window is displayed as below when choosing "PPPoE" as the IPv4 connection type and IPv6 connection type.

∧ General Settings			
	Index	3	
	Туре	WAN	
	Description		
	Connection Type	PPPoE v	
^ PPPoE Settings			
	Username		
	Password		
	Authentication Type	Auto	
	PPP Expert Options		?
↑ General Settings			
	Index	3	
	Туре	WAN	
	Description	admin	
	IPv6 Enable	ON OFF	
	IPv4 Connection Type	PPPoE v	
	IPv6 Connection Type	PPPoE	
'	Address Mode	SLAAC	_
↑ PPPoE Settings			
	Username		
	Password		
	Authentication Type	Auto	
	PPP Expert Options		?
↑ Ping Detection Set	tings		(9)
	Enable	ON OFF	<u> </u>
	IPV4 Primary Server	8.8.8.8	
	IPv4 Secondary Server	114.114.114.114	
	IPv6 Primary Server	2001:4860:4860::8888	
	IPv6 Secondary Server	2400:da00:2::29	
	Interval	300	?
	Retry Interval	5	③
	Timeout	3	③
	Max Ping Tries	3	?





Link Settings (WAN)			
Item	Description	Default	
	General Settings	•	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Туре	Show the type of the link.	WAN	
Description	Enter a description for this link.	Null	
Enable IPv6	Click the toggle button to enable / disable IPv6.	OFF	
IPv4 connection type	Select from "DHCP", "Static IP" or "PPPoE".	DHCP	
IPv6 connection type	Select from "SLAAC", "DHCPv6", "Static IP" or "PPPoE".	SLAAC	
Address type	Select from "SLAAC"or "DHCPv6".	SLAAC	
	IPv4 Static Address Settings		
IP Address	Set the IPv4 address with Netmask which can access the	Null	
	internet.		
	IP address with Netmask, e.g. 192.168.1.1/24		
Gateway	Set the gateway of the IPv4 address in WAN port.	Null	
Primary DNS	Set the primary DNS.	Null	
Secondary DNS	Set the secondary DNS.	Null	
	IPv6 Static Address Settings		
IPv6 Address	Set the IPv6 address with Netmask which can access the	Null	
	internet.		
	IP address with Netmask, e.g. 2521:da8:202:10::20/64		
Gateway	Set the gateway of the IPv6 address in WAN port.	Null	
IPv6 Primary DNS	Set the primary IPv6 DNS server used by the link.	Null	
IPv6 Secondary DNS	Set the secondary IPv6 DNS server used by the link.	Null	
PPPoE Settings			
Username	Enter the username provided by your Internet Service Provider.	Null	
Password	Enter the password provided by your Internet Service Provider.	Null	
Authentication Type	Select from "Auto", "PAP" or "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto	
PPP Expert Options	Enter the PPP Expert options used for PPPoE dialup. You can	Null	



	antar come other DDD dial strings in this field. Took string and be		
	enter some other PPP dial strings in this field. Each string can be		
	separated by a semicolon.		
IPv6 LAN Settings			
Connection type	Select the link to assign IPv6 prefixes to the LAN.	Delegated	
IPv6 Prefix	Sets the static IPv6 prefix assigned by the link to the LAN.	Null	
Enabled IPv6 NAT	Set up links to enable IPv6 NAT.	OFF	
ebl.	Ping Detection Settings	ON	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection	ON	
D : C	mechanism, a keep-alive policy of the router.	0.000	
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that	8.8.8.8	
	if the current IPv4 connectivity is active.		
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check	114.114.114.114	
	that if the current IPv4 connectivity is active.		
IPv6 Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that	2001:4860:4860::888	
	if the current IPv6 connectivity is active.	8	
IPv6 Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check	2400:da00:2::29	
	that if the current IPv6 connectivity is active.	2 100.0000.223	
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300	
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping	5	
	again every retry interval.		
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3	
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency	3	
	action if the max continuous ping tries reached.		
	Advanced Settings		
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address	ON	
	Translation option.		
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500	
Upload Bandwidth	Enter the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000	
Download Bandwidth	Enter the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000	
Specify the Primary	Defines the primary IPv4 DNS server for the link.	Null	
DNS server			
Specify the Secondary	Defines the secondary IPv4 DNS server for the link.	Null	
DNS server	,		
Specify the IPv6	Defines the primary IPv6 DNS server for the link.	Null	
Primary DNS server			
Specify the IPv6	Defines the secondary IPv6 DNS server for the link.	Null	
Secondary DNS server	·		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for	ON	
_	debugging information output.		
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for	OFF	
g v	verbose debugging information output.		
	1	l	



WLAN

Router will obtain IP automatically from the WLAN AP if choosing "DHCP" as the connection type. The specific parameter configuration of SSID is shown as below.



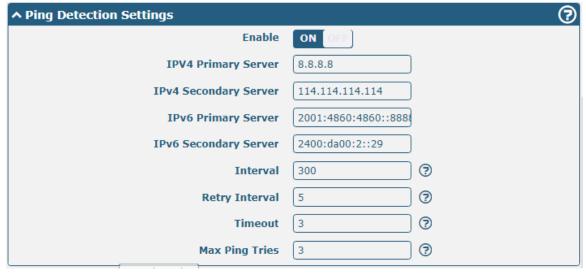
The window is displayed as below when choosing "Static" as the IPv4 connection type.

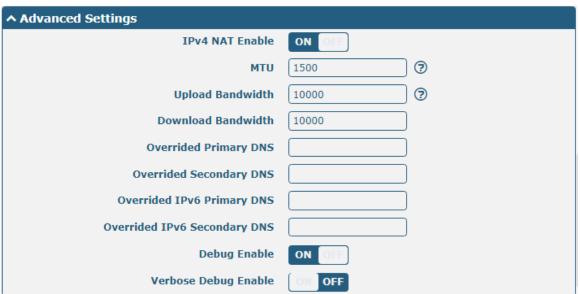


R3000 Router does not support the **PPPoE** WLAN Connection Type.









Link Settings (WLAN)			
Item	Description	Default	
	General Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Туре	Show the type of the link.	WLAN	
Description	Enter a description for this link.	Null	
Enable Ipv6	Click the toggle button to enable / disable IPv6.	OFF	
IPv4 Connection Type	Select from "DHCP" or "Static".	DHCP	
	WLAN Settings		
SSID	Enter a 1-32 characters SSID which your router wants to connect.	router	
	SSID (Service Set Identifier) is the name of your wireless network.		
Connect to Hidden	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When	OFF	
SSID	router works as Client mode and needs to connect any access		
	point which has hidden SSID, you need to enable this option.		
Password	Enter an 8-63 characters password of the access point which your	Null	



	router wants to connect.	
	Static Address Settings	
IP Address	Enter the IP address with Netmask which can access the Internet,	Null
	e.g. 192.168.1.1/24	
Gateway	Enter the IP address of WiFi AP.	Null
Primary DNS	Set the primary DNS.	Null
Secondary DNS	Set the secondary DNS.	Null
	IPv6 LAN Settings	
Connection type	Select the link to assign IPv6 prefixes to the LAN.	Delegated
IPv6 Prefix	Sets the static IPv6 prefix assigned by the link to the LAN.	Null
Enabled IPv6 NAT	Set up links to enable IPv6 NAT.	OFF
	Ping Detection Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection	ON
	mechanism, a keepalive policy of the router.	
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that	8.8.8.8
	if the current connectivity is active.	
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check	114.114.114.114
	that if the current connectivity is active.	
IPv6 Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that	2001:4860:4860::888
	if the current IPv6 connectivity is active.	8
IPv6 Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check	2400:da00:2::29
	that if the current IPv6 connectivity is active.	2400.0a00.229
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping	5
	again every retry interval.	
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency	3
	action if the max continuous ping tries reached.	
	Advance Settings	
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address	ON
	Translation option.	
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500
Upload Bandwidth	Enter the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Enter the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Specify the Primary	Defines the primary IPv4 DNS server for the link.	Null
DNS server		
Specify the Secondary	Defines the secondary IPv4 DNS server for the link.	Null
DNS server		
Specify the IPv6	Defines the primary IPv6 DNS server for the link.	Null
Primary DNS server		
Specify the IPv6	Defines the secondary IPv6 DNS server for the link.	Null
Secondary DNS server		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for	ON
	debugging information output.	



Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for	OFF
	verbose debugging information output.	

Status

This page allows you to view the status of link connection and clear the monthly data usage statistics.



Click the right-most button ••• to select the connection status of the current link.



Click the row of the link, and it will show the details information of the current link connection under the row.







Click the Clear button to clear SIM1 or SIM2 monthly data traffic usage statistics. Data statistics will be displayed only if enable the Data Allowance function in Interface > Link Manager > Link Settings > WWAN Settings > Data Allowance.



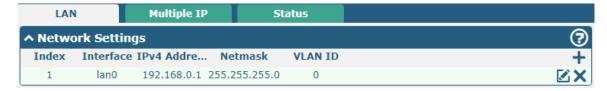
51/166

3.7 Interface > LAN

This section allows you to set the related parameters for LAN port. There are two LAN ports on R3000 Router, including ETH0 and ETH1. The ETH0 and ETH1 can freely choose from lan0 and lan1, but at least one LAN port must be assigned as lan0. The default settings of ETH0 and ETH1 are lan0 and their default IP are 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0.

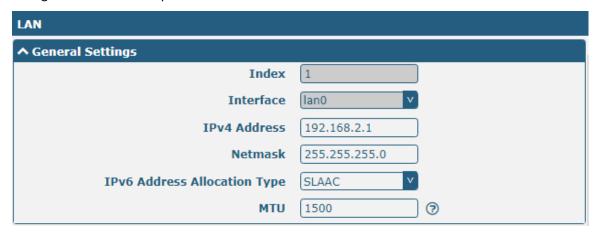
LAN

By default, there is a LAN port (lan0) in the list. To begin adding a new LAN port (lan1), please configure ETH0 or ETH1 as lan1 first in **Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings**. Otherwise, the operation will be prompted as "List is full".



Note: Lan0 cannot be deleted.

You may click + to add a new LAN port, or click to delete the current LAN port. Now, click to edit the configuration of the LAN port.



General Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Interface	Show the editing port. Lan1 is available only if it was selected by one of	
	ETH0~ETH1 in Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings.	
IP Address	Set the IP address of the LAN port.	192.168.0.1
Netmask	Set the Netmask of the LAN port.	255.255.255.0
IPv6 Address		
Allocation	Set the method of assigning IPv6 addresses on the LAN side.	SLAAC
Туре		
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Server" as the mode.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "Relay" as the mode.

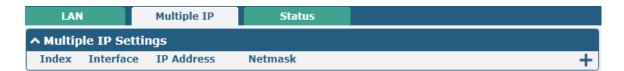


LAN			
Item	Description	Default	
	DHCP Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DHCP function.	ON	
Mode	 Select from "Server" or "Relay". Server: Lease IP address to DHCP clients which have been connected to LAN port Relay: Router can be DHCP Relay, which will provide a relay tunnel to solve problem that DHCP Client and DHCP Server is not in a same subnet 	Server	



LAN				
Item	Description	Default		
IP Pool Start	Define the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.	192.168.0.2		
IP Pool End	Define the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.	192.168.0.100		
Subnet Mask	Define the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.	255.255.255.0		
DHCP Server for Relay	Enter the IP address of DHCP relay server.	Null		
	DHCP Advanced Settings			
Gateway	Define the gateway assigned by the DHCP server to the clients, which must be on the same network segment with DHCP address pool.	Null		
Primary DNS	Define the primary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server to the clients.	Null		
Secondary DNS	Define the secondary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server to the clients.	Null		
WINS Server	Define the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever.	Null		
Lease Time	Set the lease time which the client can use the IP address obtained from DHCP server, measured in seconds.	120		
Static lease	Bind a lease to correspond an IP address via a MAC address. format: mac,ip;mac,ip;, e.g. FF:ED:CB:A0:98:01,192.168.0.200	Null		
Expert Options	Enter some other options of DHCP server in this field. format: config-desc;config-desc, e.g. log-dhcp;quiet-dhcp	Null		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for DHCP information output.	OFF		

Multiple IP



You may click + to add a multiple IP to the LAN port, or click \times to delete the multiple IP of the LAN port. Now, click to edit the multiple IP of the LAN port.



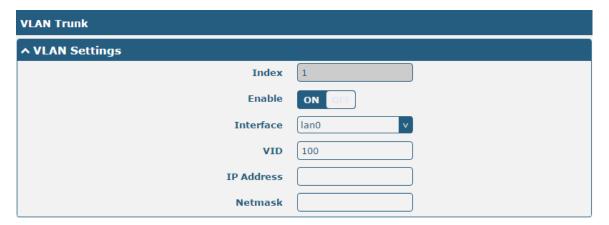


IP Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Interface	Show the editing port, read only.		
IP Address	Set the multiple IP address of the LAN port.	Null	
Netmask	Set the multiple Netmask of the LAN port.	Null	

VLAN Trunk



Click + to add a VLAN. The maximum count is 8.



VLAN Trunk			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this VLAN. Enable to make router can	ON	
	encapsulate and de-encapsulate the VLAN tag.		
Interface	Choose the interface which wants to enable VLAN trunk function. Select from	lan0	
	"lan0" or "lan1" depends on your ETH0 and ETH1's corresponding LAN port.		
VID	Set the tag ID of VLAN and digits from 1 to 4094.	100	
IP Address	Set the IP address of VLAN port.	Null	
Netmask	Set the Netmask of VLAN port.	Null	



Status

This section allows you to view the status of LAN connection.



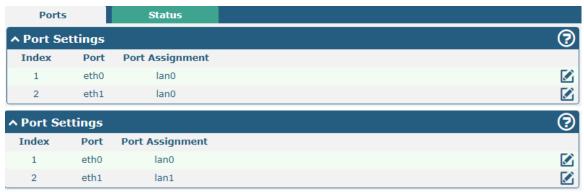
Click the row of status, the details status information will be display under the row. Please refer to the screenshot below.



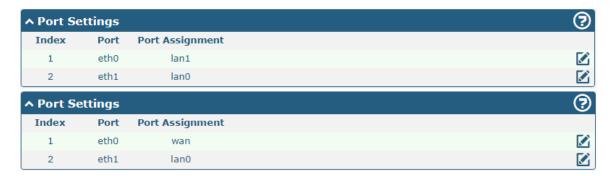
3.8 Interface > Ethernet

This section allows you to set the related parameters for Ethernet. There are two Ethernet ports on R3000 Router, including ETH0 and ETH1. The ETH0 on the router can be configured as either a WAN or a LAN port, while ETH1 can only be configured as a LAN port. By default, ETH0 and ETH1 are lan0, and their IP are 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0. Since lan0 must be assigned to one port and WAN port must be assigned to the ETH0, there are four configurations. You can choose the appropriate configuration to fit your current needs. The specific port configurations are shown below.

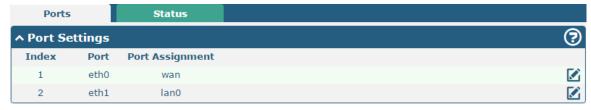
Aug.6, 2020



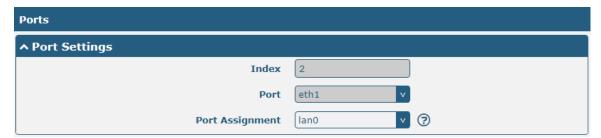




This section introduces you to set the parameters of the WAN port.



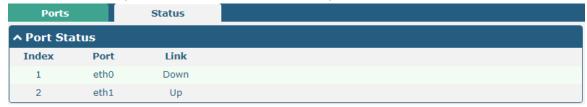
Click button of eth0 to configure its parameters. The port assignment can be changed by selecting from the drop down list.



Port Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Port	Show the editing port, read only.		
Port Assignment	Choose the Ethernet port's type, as a WAN port or a LAN port. When setting the	lan0	
	port as a LAN port in Interface > LAN > LAN > Network Settings > General Settings,		
	you can click the drop-down list to select from "lan0" or "lan1".		



This column allows you to view the status of Ethernet port.



Click the row of status, the details status information will be display under the row. Please refer to the screenshot below.



3.9 Interface > Cellular

This section allows you to set the related parameters of Cellular. The R3000 Router has two SIM card slots, but do not support two SIM cards online simultaneously due to its single-module design. If insert single SIM card at the first time, SIM1 slot and SIM2 slots are available.



Click of SIM 1 to edit the parameters.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Auto" as the network type.



↑ Cellular Network Settings					
	Network Type	Auto v ?			
E	Band Select Type	All v ?			
^ Advanced Settings					
	Debug Enable	ON OFF			
Verbo	se Debug Enable	ON OFF			

The window is displayed as be	elow when choosi	ng "Specifv"	as the band select ty	vpe.
^ Cellular Network Setting		8 spring		
	Network Type	Auto	∨ ?	
	Band Select Type	Specify	▼ ?	
∧ Band Settings	CCM OF O			
	GSM 850	ON OFF		
	GSM 900	ON OFF		
	GSM 1800	ON OFF		
	GSM 1900	ON OFF		
	WCDMA 850	ON OFF		
	WCDMA 900	ON OFF		
	WCDMA 1900	ON OFF		
	WCDMA 2100	ON OFF		
	LTE Band 1	ON OFF		
	LTE Band 2	ON OFF		
	LTE Band 3	ON OFF		
	LTE Band 4	ON OFF		
	LTE Band 5	ON OFF		
	LTE Band 7	ON OFF		
	LTE Band 8	ON OFF		
	LTE Band 20	ON OFF		
↑ Advanced Settings				
	Debug Enable	ON OFF		

Verbose Debug Enable

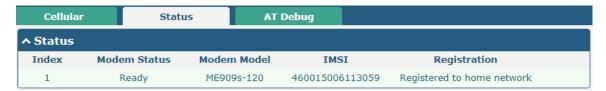
	Cellular				
Item	Description		Default		
General Settings					

OFF



Cellular			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
SIM Card	Set the currently editing SIM card.	SIM1	
Phone Number	Enter the phone number of the SIM card.	Null	
PIN Code	Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code used for unlocking the SIM.	Null	
Extra AT Cmd	Enter the AT commands used for cellular initialization.	Null	
Telnet Port	Specify the Port listening of telnet service, used for AT over Telnet.	0	
	Cellular Network Settings		
Network Type	Select from "Auto", "2G Only", "2G First", "3G Only", "3G First", "4G Only", "4G First". • Auto: Connect to the best signal network automatically • 2G Only: Only the 2G network is connected • 2G First: Connect to the 2G Network preferentially • 3G Only: Only the 3G network is connected • 3G First: Connect to the 3G Network preferentially • 4G Only: Only the 4G network is connected • 4G First: Connect to the 4G Network preferentially	Auto	
Band Select Type	Select from "All" or "Specify". You may choose certain bands if choosing "Specify".	All	
	Advanced Settings	<u> </u>	
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging information output.	ON	
Verbose Debug	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF	
Enable	debugging information output.		

This section allows you to view the status of the cellular connection.





Click the row of status, the details status information will be displayed under the row.

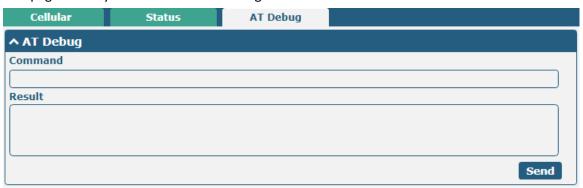
Cellula	r Stat	us AT	Debug	
^ Status				
Index	Modem Status			Registration
1	Ready			Registered to home net
		Index		
		Modem Status		
		Modem Model	ME909s-120	
		Current SIM	SIM1	
	I	Phone Number		
		IMSI	460015006113059	
		ICCID	8986011880366995	52555
		Registration	Registered to home	network
	Net	twork Provider	CHN-UNICOM	
		Network Type	LTE	
		Band	1	
	S	ignal Strength	25 (-63dBm)	
		RSRP	-90 dBm	
		RSRQ	-7.0 dBm	
		Bit Error Rate	99	
		PLMN ID	46001	
	Lo	ocal Area Code	2507	
		Cell ID	06074716	
		IMEI	867377024751079	
	Firm	nware Version	11.617.01.00.00	

Status			
Item	Description		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Modem Status	Show the status of the radio module.		
Modem Model	Show the model of the radio module.		
Current SIM	Show the SIM card that your router is using.		
Phone Number	Show the phone number of the current SIM.		
	Note: This option will be displayed if enter manually in Cellular > Advanced Cellular		
	Settings > SIM1/SIM2 > General Settings > Phone Number.		
IMSI	Show the IMSI number of the current SIM.		
ICCID	Show the ICCID number of the current SIM.		
Registration	Show the current network status.		
Network Provider	Show the name of Network Provider.		



Status			
Item	Description		
Network Type	Show the current network service type, e.g. GPRS.		
Registered band	Show the current frequency band.		
Signal Strength	Show the signal strength detected by the mobile.		
RSRP	Show the reference signal received power.		
RSRQ	Show the reference signal reception quality.		
Bit Error Rate	Show the current bit error rate.		
PLMN ID	Show the current PLMN ID.		
Local Area Code	Show the current local area code used for identifying different area.		
Cell ID	Show the current cell ID used for locating the router.		
IMEI	Show the IMEI (International Mobile Equipment Identity) number of the radio		
	module.		
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version of the radio module.		

This page allows you to check the AT Debug.



AT Debug				
Item	Description	Default		
Command	Enter the AT command that you want to send to cellular module in this text box.	Null		
Result	Show the AT command responded by cellular module in this text box.	Null		
Send	Click the button to send AT command.			

3.10 Interface > WiFi

This section allows you to configure the parameters of two WiFi modes. Router supports either WiFi AP mode or Client mode, and default as AP mode.

Note: Need to reboot to make configuration take effect if switching the AP and Client mode.

WiFi AP

Configure Router as WiFi AP



Click Interface > WiFi > WiFi, select "AP" as the mode and click "Submit".



Note: Please remember to click **Save & Apply > Reboot** after finish the configuration, so that the configuration can be took effect.

Click the **Access Point** column to configure the parameters of WiFi AP. By default, the security mode is set as "Disabled".

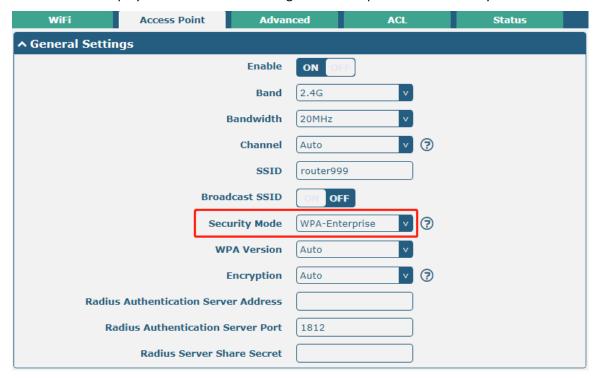


The window is displayed as below when setting "WPA-Personal" as the security mode.





The window is displayed as below when setting "WEP-Enterprise" as the security mode.



When "WEP" is selected as the security mode, the window is displayed as follows:



General Settings @ Access Point		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the WiFi access point option.	OFF
Band	Choose from "2.4G" or "5G".	2.4G
Bandwidth	Select from "20MHz", "40MHz". 40 MHz channel width provides twice the data	20MHz
	rate available over a single 20 MHz channel.	



	General Settings @ Access Point	
Item	Description	Default
Channel	Select the frequency channel, including "Auto", "1", "2" "13".	Auto
	Auto: Router will scan all frequency channels until the best one is found	
	• 1~13: Router will be fixed to work with this channel	
	Following are the frequency of 1~13 channel.	
	1: 2412 MHz	
	2: 2417 MHz	
	3: 2422 MHz	
	4: 2427 MHz	
	5: 2432 MHz	
	6: 2437 MHz	
	7: 2442 MHz	
	8: 2447 MHz	
	9: 2452 MHz	
	10: 2457 MHz	
	11: 2462 MHz	
	12: 2467 MHz	
	13: 2472 MHz	
SSID	Enter the Service Set Identifier, the name of your wireless network. The SSID of	router
	a client and the SSID of the AP must be identical for the client and AP to be	
	able to communicate with each other. Enter 1 to 32 characters.	
Broadcast SSID	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SSID being broadcast. When	ON
	enabled, the client can scan your SSID. When disabled, the client cannot scan	
	your SSID. If you want to connect to the router AP, you need to manually enter	
	the SSID of router AP at WiFi client side.	
Security Mode	Select from "Disabled", "WPA-Personal" or "WEP-Enterprise".	Disabled
·	Disabled: User can access the WiFi without the password when disable	
	security	
	Note: It is strongly recommended for security purposes that you do not	
	choose this kind of mode.	
	WPA-Personal: WiFi access protection, only one password can be provided	
	for identity authentication.	
	WPA-Enterprise: Wi-Fi secure network protection with RADIUS service.	
	WEP: Wired Equivalent Privacy provides encryption for wireless device's	
	data transmission.	
WPA Version	Select from "Auto", "WPA" or "WPA2".	Auto
	Auto: Router will choose automatically the most suitable WPA version	
	WPA2 is a stronger security feature than WPA	



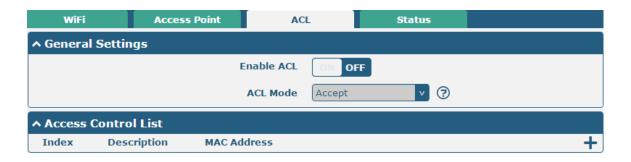
	General Settings @ Access Point		
Item	Description	Default	
Encryption	Select from "Auto", "TKIP" or "AES".	Auto	
	Auto: Router will choose automatically the most suitable encryption		
	TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) encryption uses a wireless		
	connection. TKIP encryption can be used for WPA-PSK and WPA with		
	802.1x authentication.		
	Note: It's not recommended to use TKIP encryption in 802.11n mode.		
	AES: AES encryption uses a wireless connection. AES can be used for WPA-		
	PSK and WPA with 802.1x authentication. AES is a stronger encryption		
	algorithm than TKIP		
PSK Password	Enter the Pre share key password. Enter 8 to 63 characters.	Null	
Radius			
Authentication	Address used by the RADIUS server.	Null	
server address			
Radius			
Authentication	Port used by the RADIUS server.	1812	
server port			
Radius	A trusted connection is established between the RADIUS client and the RADIUS		
Authentication	server, and the exchange of authentication messages is guaranteed by the shared	Null	
server shared key	key.		



Advanced Settings @Advanced		
Item	Description	Default
Maximum number	Set the maximum number of clients allowed to access the device AP. (A	64
of access points	value of 0 means no limit)	04



Advanced Settings @Advanced		
Item	Description	Default
Signal interval	Sets the signal interval for the device AP to broadcast Beacon messages, which is used to declare the existence of a wireless network.	100
DTIM cycle	Set the Delivery Traffic Indication Message period, that is, the period for delivering transmission instruction information. DTIM is used in the power saving mode. Device APs will multicast traffic based on this interval.	2
RTS / CTS threshold	Set the Request To Send threshold, that is, the request to send threshold. When the threshold is set to 2347, the device AP does not send detection signals before sending data; when the threshold is set to 0, the device AP must send detection signals before sending data.	2347
Fragmentation threshold	Set the packet threshold for WiFi AP packets. The recommended default is 2346.	2346
Transmission rate	Data transfer rates can be automated or specified by default. Select from "Auto", "1Mbps", "2Mbps", "5.5Mbps", "6Mbps", "11Mbps", "12Mbps", "18Mbps", "24Mbps", "36Mbps", "48Mbps", or "54Mbps".	Auto
Enable WMM	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the WMM option.	ON
Enable Short GI	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Short Guard Interval. It is the blank period between two symbols and provides buffer time for signal delay. Using a short guard interval can increase the data rate by 11%, but can also lead to higher packet error rates.	ON
Enable AP isolation	Click the switch button to enable/disable the AP isolation option. When enabled, isolate all connected wireless devices, which cannot be accessed directly through the WLAN.	OFF
Commissioning level	Select debug level. Select from "verbose," "debug," "info," "notice," "warning," or "none."	none



Click + to add a MAC address to the Access Control List. The maximum count for MAC address is 64.





ACL		
Item	Description	Default
	General Settings	
Enable ACL	Click the toggle button to enable ACL (Access Control List) option.	OFF
ACL Mode	Select from "Accept" or "Deny".	Accept
	Accept: Only the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control	
	List" can be allowed	
	Deny: All the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control	
	List" will be denied	
	Note: Router can only allow or deny devices which are included in	
	"Access Control List" at one time.	
Access Control List		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this access control list.	Null
MAC Address	Add a MAC address here.	Null

This section allows you to view the status of AP.



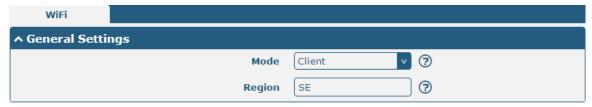
Note: The WiFi function is turned off by default on the router. If you need to use it, please turn on WiFi according to the following steps and configure the router as a WiFi client.



WiFi Client

Configure Router as WiFi client

Click Interface > WiFi > WiFi, select "Client" as the mode and click "Submit > Save & Apply".



And then a "WLAN" column will appear under the Interface list.

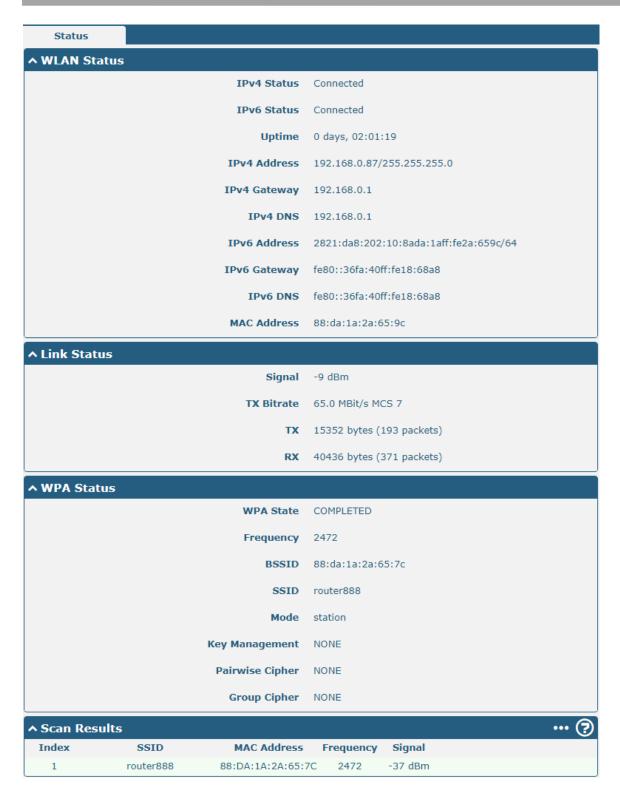


Click Interface > Link Manager > Link Settings, and click the edit button of WLAN, then configure the related parameters of WLAN.



Click **Interface > WLAN** to configure the parameters of WiFi Client after setting the mode as Client. Please remember to click **Save & Apply > Reboot** after finish the configuration, so that the configuration can be took effect.

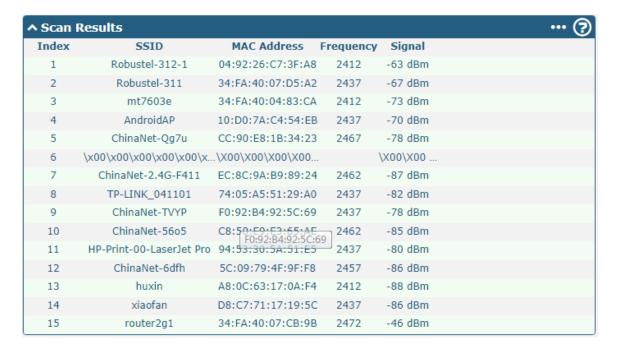




This window allows you to scan for all the available SSIDs in your area and click one of those shown on the "Scan Results" list.







3.11 Interface > USB

This section allows you to set the USB parameters. The USB interface of the router can be used for firmware upgrade and configuration upgrade.



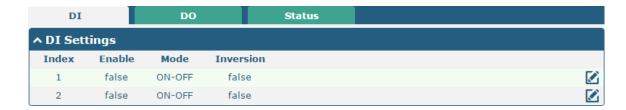
General Settings @ USB				
Item	Description	Default		
Enable USB	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the USB option.	ON		
Enable Automatic	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to automatically	ON		
Firmware Updating	update the firmware of the router when inserting a USB storage device with a			
	router firmware.			
	Key			
USB Automatic Update	Click Generate to generate a key.			
Key	It is used to verify the key file in the U disk. If it is consistent, it can be upgrade			
	d.			



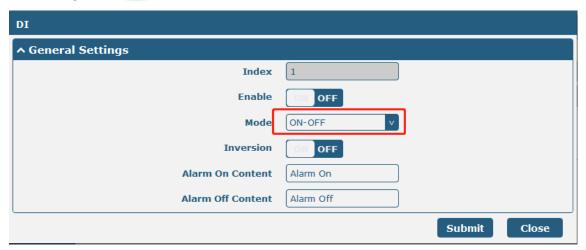
3.12 Interface > DI/DO

This section allows you to set the DI/DO parameters. Digital Input and Digital Output are the specific interfaces for R3000. The DI interface can be used for triggering alarm, while the DO can be used for controlling the slave device so as to realize real-time monitoring.

DI



Click the right-most button of index 1 as below. The default mode is "ON-OFF".



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Counter" as the mode.

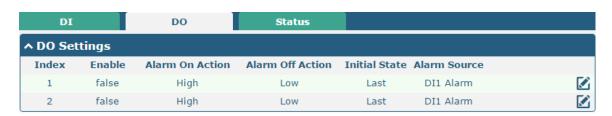




General Settings @ DI		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this DI.	OFF
Mode	Select from "ON-OFF" or "Counter".	ON-OFF
	ON-OFF: DI interface support ON and OFF mode (high or low level electrical)	
	trigger DI alarm. The mode default to ON, and OFF mode is available only	
	when enabling the inversion feature	
	ON—Under this mode, DI alarm status will be triggered to ON when DI	
	interface open from GND or input a high level electrical (logic 1), on the	
	contrary DI alarm status will be trigged to OFF when DI interface connect to	
	GND or input a low level electrical (logic 0)	
	OFF—Under this mode, DI alarm status will be triggered to ON when DI	
	interface connect to GND or input a low level electrical (logic 0), on the	
	contrary DI alarm status will be trigged to OFF when DI interface open from	
	GND or input a high level electrical (logic 1)	
	Counter: Event counter mode	
Inversion	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to set DI mode as OFF	OFF
	mode.	
Threshold Value	Set the threshold vale. It will trigger alarm when event counter reaches this figure.	Null
	After triggering alarm, DI will keep counting but not trigger alarm again. Enter 0 to	
	65535 digits. (0=will not trigger alarm)	
	Note : This option is only available when DI under the "Counter" mode.	
Alarm On Content	When the alarm is on, show its content.	Alarm
		On
Alarm Off	When the alarm is off, show its content.	Alarm
Content		Off

Note: It defaults as high alarm, while turns to low alarm after enabling the "Inversion" button.

DO



Click to enter the DO configuration window.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "Pulse" as the alarm on action.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "Pulse" as the alarm off action.



	DO		
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this DO.	OFF	
Alarm On Action	Digital Output initiates when there is an alarm. Selected from "High", "Low" or "Pulse".	High	
	 High: a high electrical level output Low: a low electrical level output 		
	 Pulse: Generates a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters when triggered 		
Alarm Off Action	 Digital Output initiates when alarm removed. Selected from "High", "Low" or "Pulse". High: a high electrical level output Low: a low electrical level output 	Low	
	 Pulse: Generates a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters when triggered 		
Initial State	Specify the Digital Output status when powered on. Selected from "Last", "High" or "Low".	Low	
	Last: DO's status will consist with the status of last power off		
	High: DO interface is in high electrical level		
	Low: DO interface is in low electrical level		
Delay	Set the delay time for DO alarm start-up. The first pulse will be generated after a	0	
	"Delay". Enter from 0 to 30000ms. (0=generate pulse without delay)		
Hold Time	Set the hold time of DO status (Alarm On Action/Alarm Off Action). When the action	0	
	time reach this specified time, DO will stop the action. Enter from 0 to 255 seconds.		
	(0=keep on until the next action)		
Low-level Width	Set the low-level width. It is available when enabling Pulse as "Alarm On Action/Alarm	10	
	Off Action". In Pulse Output mode, the selected digital output channel will generate a		



DO		
Item	Description	Default
	square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters. The low level widths are	
	specified here. Enter from 1 to 30000 ms.	
High-level	Set the high-level width. It is available when enabling Pulse as "Alarm On	10
Width	Action/Alarm Off Action". In Pulse Output mode, the selected digital output channel	
	will generate a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters. The high level	
	widths are specified here. Enter from 1 to 30000 ms.	
Alarm Source	Digital Output initiates according to different alarm source. Selected from "DI1 Alarm",	DI1
	"DI2 Alarm". DI1/DI2 Alarm: Digital Output triggers the related action when there is	Alarm
	alarm from Digital Input.	

Status

This window allows you to view the status of DO and DI interface. It also can clear the counter alarm of DI in here. Click Clear button to clear DI1 or DI2 monthly usage statistics info for counter alarm.



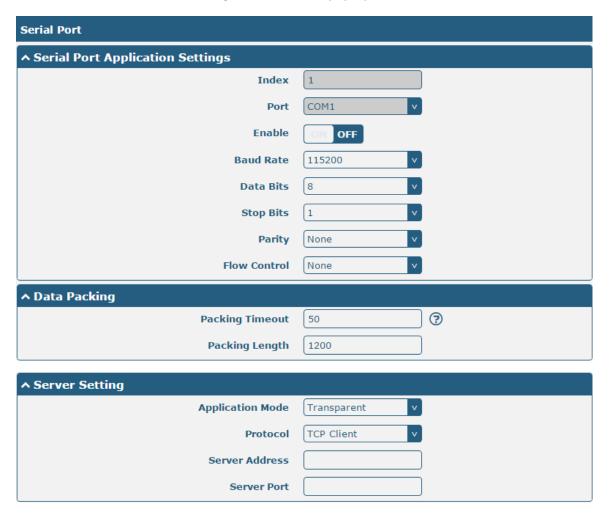
3.13 Interface > Serial Port

This section allows you to set the serial port parameters. R3000 Router supports one COM1 and one COM2, also can be configured as either two COM1 or two COM2.





Click the button on the most right of COM1, the pop-up window is as follows:



• The window is displayed as below when choosing "Transparent" as the application mode and "TCP Client" as the protocol.

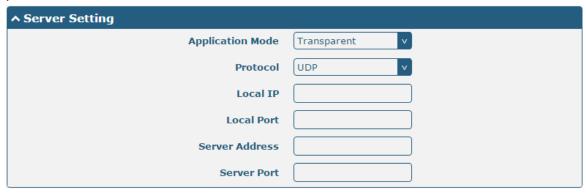


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Transparent" as the application mode and "TCP Server" as the protocol.

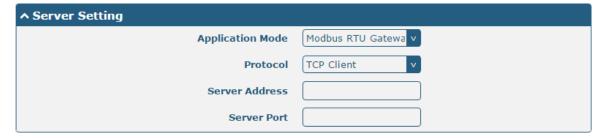




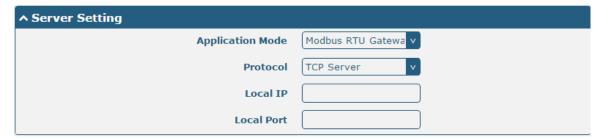
The window is displayed as below when choosing "Transparent" as the application mode and "UDP" as the protocol.



 The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus RTU Gateway" as the application mode and "TCP Client" as the protocol.

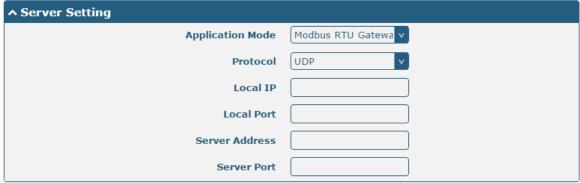


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus RTU Gateway" as the application mode and "TCP Server" as the protocol.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus RTU Gateway" as the application mode and "UDP" as the protocol.





	Serial Port			
Item	Description	Default		
	Serial Port Application Settings			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.			
Port	Show the current serial's name, read only.			
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this serial port. When the status is OFF, the serial port is not available.	OFF		
Baud Rate	Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400", "57600", "115200" or "230400".	115200		
Data Bits	Select from "7" or "8".	8		
Stop Bits	Select from "1" or "2".	1		
Parity	Select from "None", "Odd" or "Even".	None		
Flow control	Select from "None", "Software" or "Hardware".	None		
	Data Packing			
Packing Timeout	Set the packing timeout. The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in the field. Note: Data will also be sent as specified by the packet length even when data is not reaching the interval timeout in the field.	50		
Packing Length	Set the packet length. The Packet length setting refers to the maximum amount of data that is allowed to accumulate in the serial port buffer before sending. When a packet length between 1 and 3000 bytes is specified, data in the buffer will be sent as soon it reaches the specified length.	1200		
	Server Settings			
Application Mode	 Select from "Transparent" or "Modbus RTU Gateway". Transparent: Router will transmit the serial data transparently Modbus RTU Gateway: Router will translate the Modbus RTU data to Modbus TCP data and sent out, and vice versa 	Transpare nt		
Protocol	 Select from "TCP Client", "TCP Server" and "UDP". TCP Client: Router works as TCP client, initiate TCP connection to TCP server. Server address supports both IP and domain name TCP Server: Router works as TCP server, listening for connection request from TCP client UDP: Router works as UDP client Robustlink: Router will automatically upload the serial data to Robustlink 	TCP Client		



Serial Port			
Item	Description		
	Serial Port Application Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
	platform under the Robustlink protocol. Robustlink is a management		
	platform from Robustel. This function only available when Router is		
	connects to Robustlink		
Server Address	Enter the address of server which will receive the data sent from router's serial	Null	
	port. IP address or domain name will be available.		
Server Port	Enter the specified port of server which is used for receiving the serial data.	Null	
Local IP @	Enter router's LAN IP which will forward to the internet port of router.	Null	
Transparent			
Local Port @	Enter the port of router's LAN IP.	Null	
Transparent			
Local IP @	Enter the local IP of under Modbus mode.	Null	
Modbus			
Local Port @	Enter the local port of under Modbus mode.	Null	
Modbus			

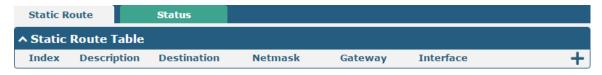
Click the "Status" column to view the current serial port type.



3.14 Network > Route

This section allows you to set the static route. Static route is a form of routing that occurs when a router uses a manually-configured routing entry, rather than information from a dynamic routing traffic. Route Information Protocol (RIP) is widely used in small network with stable use rate. Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) is made router within a single autonomous system and used in large network.

Static Route



Click + to add static route. The maximum count is 20.

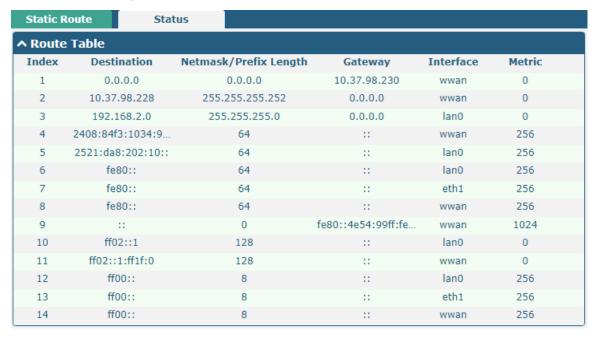




Static Route			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Description	Enter a description for this route.	Null	
Destination	Enter the IP address of destination host or destination network.	Null	
Netmask/IPv6 address	Enter the Netmask of destination host or destination network.	Null	
Prefix Length			
Gateway	Define the gateway of the destination.	Null	
Interface	Choose the corresponding port of the link that you want to configure.	wwan1	

Status

This window allows you to view the status of route.



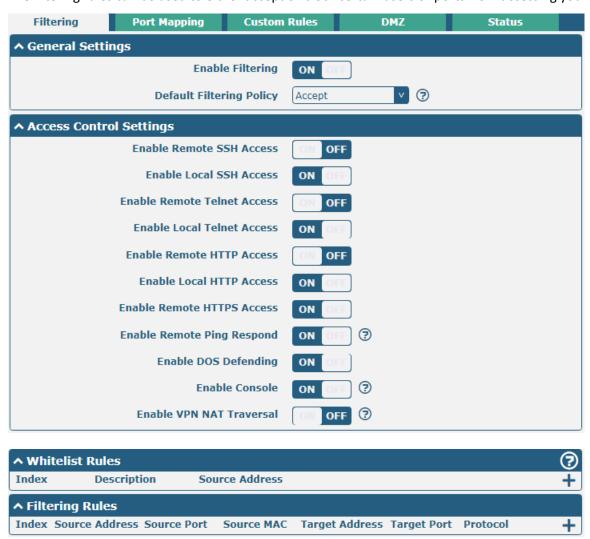
3.15 Network > Firewall

This section allows you to set the firewall and its related parameters, including Filtering, Port Mapping and DMZ.



Filtering

The filtering rules can be used to either accept or block certain users or ports from accessing your router.



Click + to add whitelist:



Click to add filtering rule, the maximum count is 50. The window is displayed as below when defaulting "All" or choosing "ICMPv6" or "ICMPv6" as the protocol. Here take "All" as an example.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP-UDP" as the protocol. Here take "TCP" as an example.



Filtering			
Item	Description	Default	
	General Settings		
Enable Filtering	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the filtering option.	ON	
Default Filtering Policy	Select from "Accept" or "Drop". Cannot be changed when filtering	Accept	
	rules table is not empty.		
	Accept: Router will accept all the connecting requests except the		
	hosts which fit the drop filter list		
	Drop: Router will drop all the connecting requests except the		
	hosts which fit the accept filter list		
	Access Control Settings		
Enable Remote SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF	
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via SSH.		
Enable Local SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON	
	the LAN user can access the router locally via SSH.		

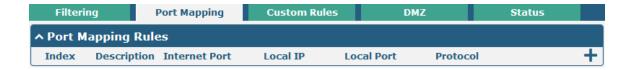


Filtering			
Item		Description	Default
Enable Remote Telnet Access		Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF
		the Internet user can access the router remotely via Telnet.	
Enable Local Teln	et Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
		the LAN user can access the router locally via Telnet.	
Enable Remote H	TTP Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF
		the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTP.	
Enable Local HTT	P Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
		the LAN user can access the router locally via HTTP.	
Enable Remote H	ITTPS Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
		the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTPS.	
Enable Remote P	ing Respond	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
		the router will reply to the Ping requests from other hosts on the	
		Internet.	
Enable DOS Defe	nding	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
		the router will defend the DOS. Dos attack is an attempt to make a	
		machine or network resource unavailable to its intended users.	
Enable Console		Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option.	ON
Enable vpn nat tr	aversal	Click the toggle button to enable / disable this option. When enabled,	OFF
		enable NAT traversal for GRE / L2TP / PPTP VPN packets.	OFF
		whitelist	
Index		Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description		Enter a description for this whitelist.	Null
Source Address		Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of IP addresses which	Null
		are defined by Source IP Address, or every IP addresses.	
		Filtering Rules	
Item	Description	1	Default
Index	Indicate the	e ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a des	cription for this filtering rule.	Null
Source Address	Defines if a	ccess is allowed from one or a range of IP addresses which are defined	Null
	by Source I	P Address, or every IP addresses.	
Source Port	Specify an a	access originator and enter its source port.	Null
Source MAC	Enter the M	Enter the MAC address of the defined source IP address.	
Target Address	Defines if a	ccess is allowed to one or a range of IP addresses which are defined by	Null
	Target IP A	ddress, or every IP addresses.	
Target Port	Enter the ta	arget port which the access originator wants to access.	Null
Protocol	Select from	"All", "TCP", "UDP", "ICMP" or "TCP-UDP".	All
	Note: It is r	ecommended that you choose "All" if you don't know which protocol of	
	your applic	ation to use.	

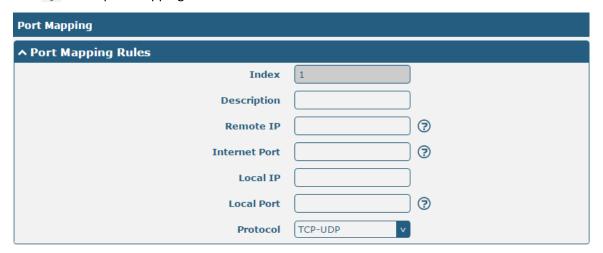


Filtering			
Item		Description	Default
Action	Select from	"Accept" or "Drop".	Drop
	Accept	: When Default Filtering Policy is drop, router will drop all the	
	connec	cting requests except the hosts which fit this accept filtering list	
	• Drop: \	When Default Filtering Policy is accept, router will accept all the	
	connec	cting requests except the hosts which fit this drop filtering list	

Port Mapping



Click + to add port mapping rules. The maximum rule count is 40.

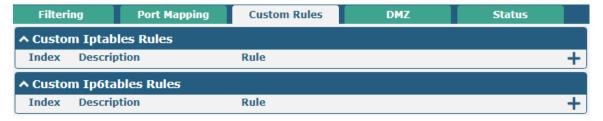


Port Mapping Rules		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this port mapping.	Null
Remote IP	Specify the host or network which can access to the local IP address.	Null
	Empty means unlimited. e.g. 10.10.10.10/255.255.255.255 or	
	192.168.1.0/24	
Internet Port	Set the internet port of router which can be accessed by other hosts from	Null
	internet.	
Local IP	Enter router's LAN IP which will forward to the internet port of router.	Null
Local Port	Enter the port of router's LAN IP.	Null
Protocol	Select from "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP-UDP" as your application required.	TCP-UD



Custom Rules

Custom rules, that is, rules that you define yourself. Click Network> Firewall> Custom Rule and is displayed as follows:



Click to add an IPv4 or IPv6 custom rule, the window is displayed as follows (take "IPv4" as an example):



Custom Iptables Rule			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Description	Enter the description of the rule.	Null	
Rule	Specify one Iptables rule.	Null	

DMZ



DMZ Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable DMZ	Click the toggle button to enable/disable DMZ. DMZ host is a host on the	OFF
	internal network that has all ports exposed, except those ports otherwise	
	forwarded.	
Host IP Address	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host on your internal network.	Null
Source IP Address	Set the address which can talk to the DMZ host. 0.0.0.0 means for any	Null
	addresses.	



Status



3.16 Network > IP Passthrough

Click **Network > IP Passthrough > IP Passthrough** to enable or disable the IP Pass-through option.



If router enables the IP Pass-through, the terminal device (such as PC) will enable the DHCP Client mode and connect to LAN port of the router; and after the router dial up successfully, the PC will automatically obtain the IP address and DNS server address which assigned by ISP.



3.17 VPN > IPsec

IPsec (Internet Protocol Security) is a protocol built on the Internet protocol layer that enables two hosts to communicate in a secure manner. IPsec is the direction of secure networking. It provides active protection from end-to-end security to prevent attacks from private networks and the Internet.

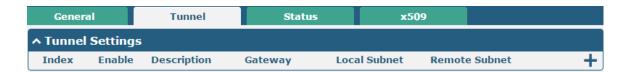
Click Virtual Private Network> IPsec> General to set IPsec parameters.



General

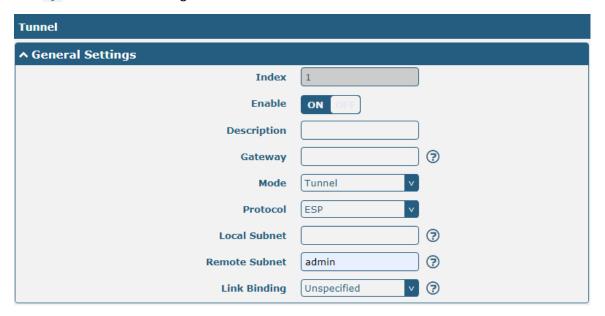
General Settings @ General			
Item	Description	Default	
Survival time	Set the survival time in seconds. The router sends keep-alive packets to a		
Survival time	NAT (Network Address Translation) server at regular intervals to prevent the	20	
	records on the NAT table from disappearing.		
	Click the toggle button to enable / disable this option. When enabled, when		
Optimize DH index size	using dhgroup17 or dhgroup18, it helps to shorten the time to generate dh	OFF	
	keys.		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for IPsec VPN	OFF	
	information output to the debug port.		

Tunnel





Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 3.



General Settings @ Tunnel				
Item	m Description			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.			
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this IPsec tunnel.	ON		
Description	Enter a description for this IPsec tunnel.	Null		
Gateway	Enter the address or domain name of remote side IPsec VPN server.0.0.0.0 repres ents for any address.	Null		
Mode	 Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport". Tunnel: Commonly used between gateways, or at an end-station to a gateway, the gateway acting as a proxy for the hosts behind it Transport: Used between end-stations or between an end-station and a gateway, if the gateway is being treated as a host-for example, an encrypted Telnet session from a workstation to a router, in which the router is the actual destination 			
Protocol	Select the security protocols from "ESP" and "AH". • ESP: Use the ESP protocol • AH: Use the AH protocol			
Local Subnet	Enter the local subnet's address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g. 192.168.1.0/24	Null		
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet's address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g. 10.8.0.0/24	Null		
Link binding	Select from WWAN1, WWAN2, WAN, or WLAN.	Not bound		

The window is displayed as below when choosing "PSK" as the authentication type.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "CA" as the authentication type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "PKCS#12" as the authentication type.

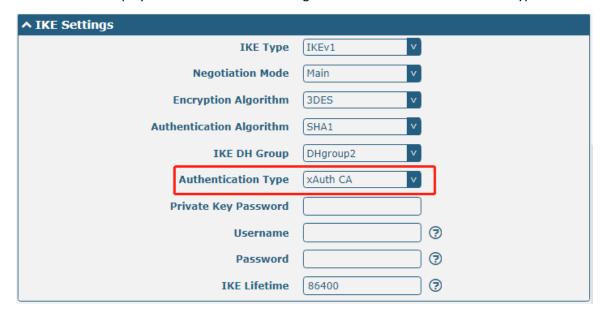


The window is displayed as below when choosing "xAuth PSK" as the authentication type.



↑ IKE Settings			
	IKE Type	IKEv1 v	
Ne	egotiation Mode	Main	
Encry	ption Algorithm	3DES v	
Authentic	ation Algorithm	SHA1 v	
	IKE DH Group	DHgroup2	
Auth	entication Type	xAuth PSK v	
	PSK Secret		
	Local ID Type	Default v	
F	Remote ID Type	Default v	
	Username	?	
	Password	?	
	IKE Lifetime	86400	

The window is displayed as below when choosing "xAuth CA" as the authentication type.



IKE Settings			
Item	Item Description		
IKE Type	Select from IKE v1 and IKE v2.	IKE v1	
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "Aggressive" for the IKE negotiation mode in phase 1.	Main	
	If the IP address of one end of an IPsec tunnel is obtained dynamically, the IKE		
	negotiation mode must be aggressive. In this case, SAs can be established as		
	long as the username and password are correct.		
Authentication	Select from "MD5", "SHA1", "SHA2 256" or "SHA2 512" to be used in IKE	SHA1	
Algorithm	negotiation.		
Encryption Algorithm	Select from "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256" to be used in IKE	3DES	



IKE Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
	negotiation. • 3DES: Use 168-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode		
	AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode		
	AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode		
IKE DH Group	Select DH packets for IKE (Network Key Exchange) negotiation. Select from "DHgroup1", "DHgroup2", "DHgroup5", "DHgroup14", "DHgroup15", "DHgroup16", "DHgroup17" or "DHgroup18" to be used in key negotiation		
Authentication Type	phase 1. Select from "PSK", "CA", "PKCS#12", "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" to be used in IKE negotiation. PSK: Pre-shared Key CA: Certification Authority xAuth: Extended Authentication to AAA server		
PSK Secret	Enter the pre-shared key.	Null	
Local ID Type	 Select from "Default", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation. Default: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com. User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com. 		
Remote ID Type	 Select from "Default", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation. Default: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com. User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com. 	Default	
Private Key Password	Enter the private key under the "CA" and "xAuth CA" authentication types.	Null	
Username	Enter the username used for the "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" authentication types.	Null	
Password	Enter the password used for the "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" authentication types.	Null	
IKE Lifetime	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Before an SA expires, IKE negotiates a new SA. As soon as the new SA is set up, it takes effect immediately and the old one will be cleared automatically when it expires.	86400	

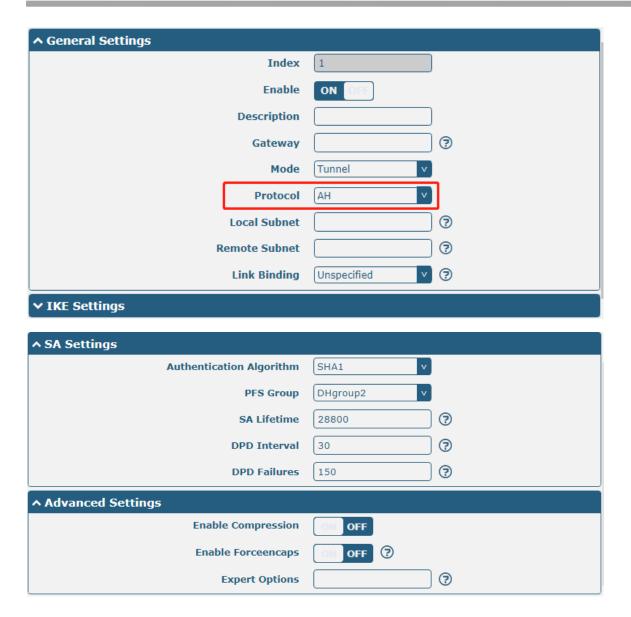
If click **VPN > IPsec > Tunnel > General Settings**, and choose **ESP** as protocol. The specific parameter configuration is shown as below.



^ SA Settings		
Encrypt Algorithm	3DES v	
Authentication Algorithm	MD5 v	
PFS Group	DHgroup2 v	
SA Lifetime	28800	?
DPD Interval	60	?
DPD Failures	180	?
^ General Settings		
Index	1	
Enable	ON OFF	
Description		
Gateway		?
Mode	Tunnel	<u> </u>
Protocol	ESP v	
Local Subnet		③
Remote Subnet		?
Link Binding	Unspecified	3
✓ IKE Settings		
^ SA Settings		
Encryption Algorithm	3DES v	
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v	
PFS Group	DHgroup2 v	
SA Lifetime	28800	?
DPD Interval	30	3
DPD Failures	150	?

If choose **AH** as protocol, the window of SA Settings is displayed as below.





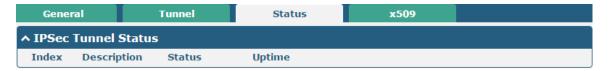
SA Settings				
Item	Item Description			
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "3DES", "AES128" or "AES256" when you select "ESP" in	3DES		
	"Protocol". Higher security means more complex implementation and lower			
	speed. DES is enough to meet general requirements. Use 3DES when high			
	confidentiality and security are required.			
Authentication	Select from "MD5", "SHA1", "SHA2 256" or "SHA2 512" to be used in SA	MD5		
Algorithm	negotiation.			
PFS Group	Select from "PFS (N/A) ","DHgroup1", "DHgroup2", "DHgroup5",	DHgroup2		
	"DHgroup14", "DHgroup15", "DHgroup16", "DHgroup17" or "DHgroup18"			
	to be used in SA negotiation.			
SA Lifetime	Set the IPsec SA lifetime. When negotiating to set up IPsec SAs, IKE uses the	28800		
	smaller one between the lifetime set locally and the lifetime proposed by			
	the peer.			



SA Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
DPD Interval	Set the interval after which DPD is triggered if no IPsec protected packets is	60	
	received from the peer. DPD is a Dead peer detection. DPD irregularly		
	detects dead IKE peers. When the local end sends an IPsec packet, DPD		
	checks the time the last IPsec packet was received from the peer. If the time		
	exceeds the DPD interval, it sends a DPD hello to the peer. If the local end		
	receives no DPD acknowledgment within the DPD packet retransmission		
	interval, it retransmits the DPD hello. If the local end still receives no DPD		
	acknowledgment after having made the maximum number of		
	retransmission attempts, it considers the peer already dead, and clears the		
	IKE SA and the IPsec SAs based on the IKE SA.		
DPD Failures	Set the timeout of DPD (Dead Peer Detection) packets.	180	
	Advanced Settings		
Enable Compression	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to compress	OFF	
	the inner headers of IP packets.		
Enable Forced	Click the toggle button to enable / disable this option. After it is enabled,		
	even if no NAT condition is detected, the UDP encapsulation of esp packets	OFF	
Encapsulation	is forced. This may help overcome restrictive firewalls.		
Expert Options	Add more PPP configuration options here, format: config-desc;config-desc,	Null	
	e.g. protostack=netkey;plutodebug=none		

Status

This section allows you to view the status of the IPsec tunnel.



x509

User can upload the X509 certificates for the IPsec tunnel in this section.





x509				
Item	Item Description			
	X509 Settings			
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel.	Tunnel 1		
Local Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to upload a local certificate file from your computer,	Null		
	and then import this file into your router.			
	The correct file format is displayed as follows:			
	@ca.crt			
	@remote.crt			
	@local.crt			
	@private.key			
	@crl.pem			
Remote Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to upload a remote certificate file from your	Null		
	computer, and then import this file into your router.			
Private Key	Select the correct private key file to import into the router.	Null		
Root certificate	Select the root certificate file to import into the router.			
PKCS # 12 certificate	Select the PKCS # 12 certificate file to import into the router.			
	Certificate Files			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.			
File Name	Show the imported certificate's name.	Null		
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null		
Modification Time	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null		



3.18 VPN > OpenVPN

This section allows you to set the OpenVPN and the related parameters. OpenVPN is an open-source software application that implements virtual private network (VPN) techniques for creating secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities. Router supports point-to-point and point-to-points connections.

OpenVPN



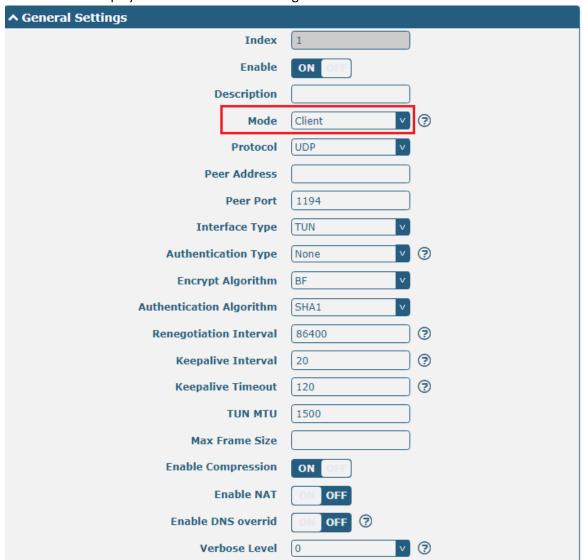
Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 3. The window is displayed as below when choosing "None" as the authentication type. By default, the mode is "P2P".



OpenVPN		
^ General Settings		
Index	1	
Enable	ON OFF	
Enable IPv6	ON OFF	
Description		
Mode	P2P	
TLS Mode	None v 🤊	
Protocol	UDP v	
Peer Address		
Peer Port	1194	
Listen IP Address		
Listen Port	1194	
Interface Type	TUN	
Authentication Type	None v 🤋	
Local IP	10.8.0.1	
Remote IP	10.8.0.2	
Encrypt Algorithm	BF v	
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v	
Keepalive Interval	20 😨	
Keepalive Timeout	120	
TUN MTU	1500	
Max Frame Size		
Enable Compression	ON OFF	
Enable NAT	ON OFF	
Verbose Level	0 7	

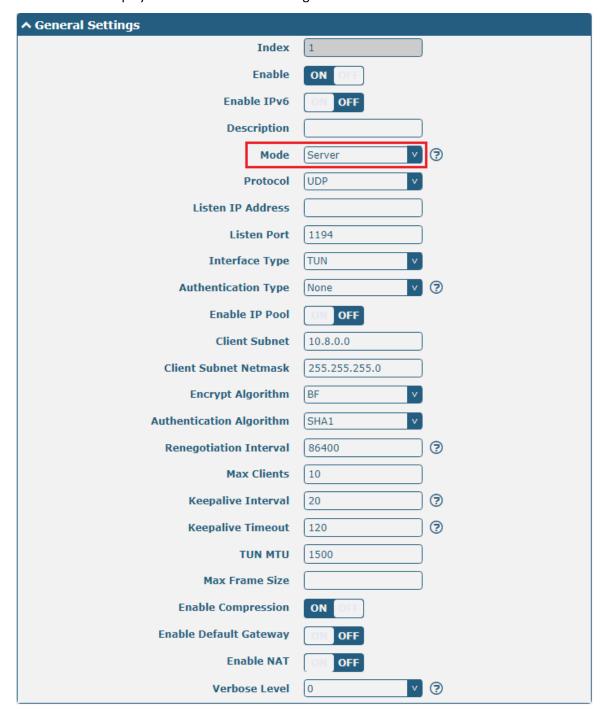


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Client" as the mode.



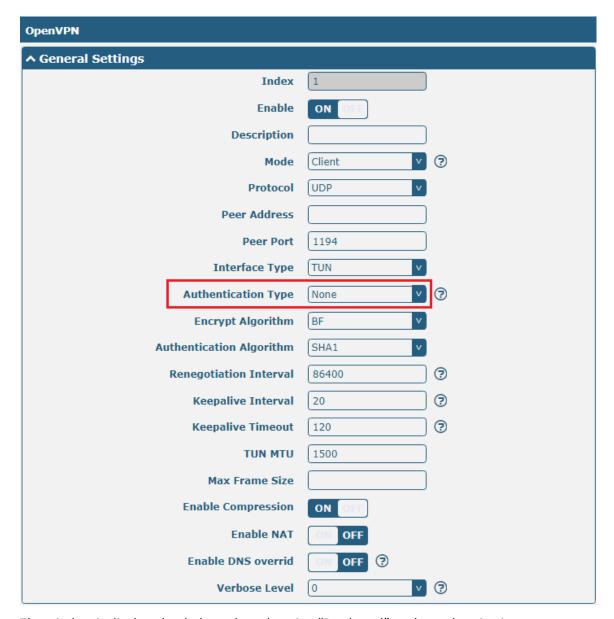


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Server" as the mode.



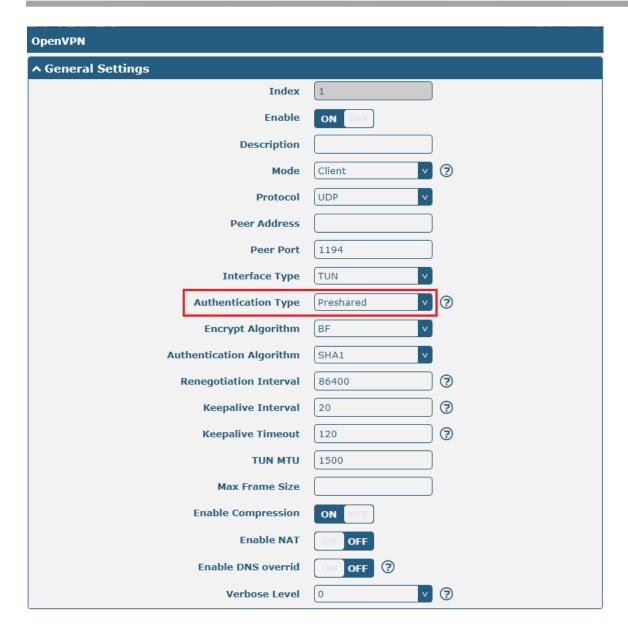
The window is displayed as below when choosing "None" as the authentication type.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "Preshared" as the authentication type.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "Password" as the authentication type.



^ General Settings		
Index	1	
Enable	ON OFF	
Description		
Mode	Client	3
Protocol	UDP	
Peer Address		
Peer Port	1194	
Interface Type	TUN	
Authentication Type	Password v	3
Username		
Password		
Encrypt Algorithm	BF	
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v	
Renegotiation Interval	86400	7
Keepalive Interval	20	?
Keepalive Timeout	120	7
TUN MTU	1500	
Max Frame Size		
Enable Compression	ON OFF	
Enable NAT	ON OFF	
Enable DNS overrid	ON OFF ?	
Verbose Level	0 v	?

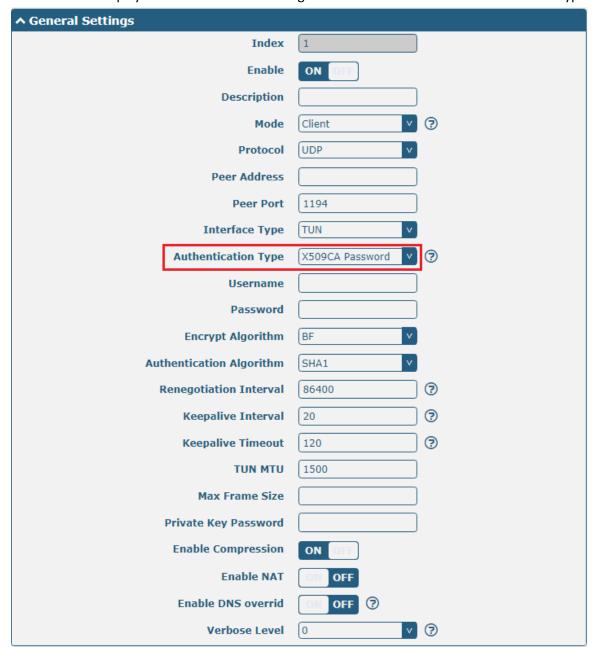


The window is displayed as below when choosing "X509CA" as the authentication type.

↑ General Settings			
	Index	1	
	Enable	ON OFF	
	Description		
	Mode	Client	?
	Protocol	UDP	
	Peer Address		
	Peer Port	1194	
	Interface Type	TUN	
	Authentication Type	X509CA V	?
	Encrypt Algorithm	BF v	
Au	thentication Algorithm	SHA1 v	
	Renegotiation Interval	86400	?
	Keepalive Interval	20	?
	Keepalive Timeout	120	?
	TUN MTU	1500	
	Max Frame Size		
	Private Key Password		
	Enable Compression	ON OFF	
	Enable NAT	ON OFF	
	Enable DNS overrid	ON OFF ?	
	Verbose Level	0	?



The window is displayed as below when choosing "X509CA Password" as the authentication type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Client" as the mode.

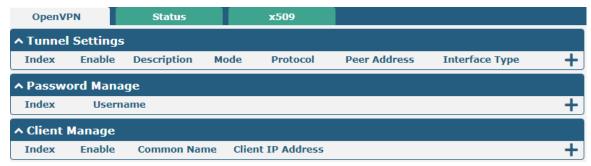


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Server" as the mode.





The window of "Virtual Private Network> OpenVPN> OpenVPN" is displayed as below when choosing "Server" as the mode and choosing "X509CA Password" as the authentication type.



Click User Password Management + to add username and password, as shown below:



Click Client Management 🛨 to add Client information, as shown below:



General Settings @ OpenVPN			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		



General Settings @ OpenVPN			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this OpenVPN tunnel.	ON	
Enable IPv6	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this OpenVPN tunnel to use ipv6.	OFF	
Description	Enter a description for this OpenVPN tunnel.	Null	
Mode	Select from "P2P", "Client" or "Server".	Client	
TLS Mode	Select from "None", "Client" or "Server".	None	
Protocol	Select from "UDP", "TCP-Client" or "TCP-Server".	UDP	
Server Address	Enter the end-to-end IP address or the domain of the remote OpenVPN server.	Null	
Server Port	Enter the end-to-end listener port or the listener port of the OpenVPN server.	1194	
Listening address	Local server address.	Null	
Listening port	Local server port.	1194	
Interface Type	Select from "TUN", "TAP" which are two different kinds of device interface for OpenVPN. The difference between TUN and TAP device is that a TUN device is a point-to-point virtual device on network while a TAP device is a virtual device on Ethernet.	TUN	
Authentication Type	Select from "None", "Preshared", "Password", "X509CA" and "X509CA Password". Note: "None" and "Preshared" authentication type are only working with P2P mode.	None	
Enable IP Address pool	Click the toggle button to enable / disable the IP address pool allocation function.	OFF	
Starting Address	Defines the beginning of an IP address pool that assigns addresses to OpenVPN clients.	10.8.0.5	
End Address	Defines the end of the IP address pool for assigning addresses to OpenVPN clients.	10.8.0.254	
Client Network	Enter the client network IP.	10.8.0.0	
Client Netmask	Enter the client netmask.	255.255.255.0	
Username	Enter the username used for "Password" or "X509CA Password" authentication type.	Null	
Password	Enter the password used for "Password" or "X509CA Password" authentication type.	Null	
Local IP	Enter the local virtual IP.	10.8.0.1	
Remote IP	Enter the remote virtual IP.	10.8.0.2	



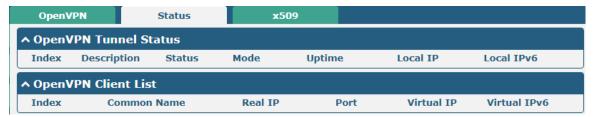
General Settings @ OpenVPN				
Item	Description	Default		
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "BF", "DES", "DES-EDE3", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256".	BF		
	BF: Use 128-bit BF encryption algorithm in CBC mode			
	DES: Use 64-bit DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode			
	DES-EDE3: Use 192-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode			
	AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode			
	AES192: Use 192-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode			
	AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode			
Renegotiation	Set the renegotiation interval. If connection failed, OpenVPN will	86400		
Interval	renegotiate when the renegotiation interval reached.			
Maximum number of	Set the maximum number of clients allowed to access the OpenVPN	10		
clients	server.	10		
Keepalive Interval	Set keepalive (ping) interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20		
Keepalive Timeout	Set the keepalive timeout. Trigger OpenVPN restart after n seconds pass	120		
	without reception of a ping or other packet from remote.			
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit.	1500		
Data Sharding	Set the maximum frame length.	Null		
Private Key Password	Enter the private key password under the "X509CA" and "X509CA	Null		
·	Password" authentication type.			
Enable Compression	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to	ON		
	compress the data stream of the header.			
Cookle Defectly	Standalone switch button to enable / disable the default gateway			
Enable Default Gateway	function. After enabling, push the local tunnel address as the default	OFF		
	gateway of the peer device.			
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the NAT option. When	OFF		
	enabled, the source IP address of host behind router will be disguised			
	before accessing the remote OpenVPN client.			
	Standalone switch button to enable / disable receiving DNS push			
Receive DNS Push	function. After it is enabled, it is allowed to receive DNS information	OFF		
	pushed by the peer.			
Verbose Level	Select the level of the output log and values from 0 to 11.	0		
	0: No output except fatal errors			
	• 1~4: Normal usage range			
	5: Output R and W characters to the console for each packet read			
	and write			
	• 6~11: Debug info range			
Advanced Settings @ OpenVPN				
Enable HMAC	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Add an additional	OFF		
Firewall	layer of HMAC authentication on top of the TLS control channel to			
	protect against DoS attacks.			



General Settings @ OpenVPN				
Item	Description	Default		
Enable PKCS#12	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the PKCS#12 certificate. It is an	OFF		
	exchange of digital certificate encryption standard, used to describe			
	personal identity information.			
Enable nsCertType	Click the toggle button to enable/disable nsCertType. Require that peer	OFF		
	certificate was signed with an explicit nsCertType designation of			
	"server".			
Enable Crl	Click the toggle button to enable / disable the option. When enabled,	OFF		
	client certificates can be revoked.			
Enable client to client	Click the toggle button to enable / disable the option. When enabled,	OFF		
	clients can communicate with each other.	011		
Enable Dup Client	Click the toggle button to enable / disable the option. After being			
	enabled, the tunnel IPs obtained by multiple clients are different, and the	OFF		
	tunnel IP of the client and the tunnel IP of the server are interoperable.			
Enable IP address	Click the toggle button to enable / disable the option. When enabled, the	ON		
hold	IP in the address pool is obtained automatically.	ON		
Expert Options	Enter some other options of OpenVPN in this field. Each expression can	Null		
	be separated by a ';'.			
Advanced Settings @ User Password Management				
Username	Custom tunnel connection username.	Null		
Password	Custom tunnel connection password.	Null		
Advanced Settings @ Client Management				
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable / disable this option. When enabled, the	OFF		
	client IP address can be managed.			
Common Name	Set the certificate name.	Null		
Client IP Address	Set a fixed client virtual IP.	Null		

Status

This section allows you to view the status of the OpenVPN tunnel.



x509

User can upload the X509 certificates for the OpenVPN in this section.





x509		
Item	Description	Default
	X509 Settings	
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel. Select from "Tunnel 1", "Tunnel 2", "Tunnel 3",	Tunnel 1
	"Tunnel 4", "Tunnel 5" or "Tunnel 6".	
Tunnel Mode	Select from "P2P Mode", "Client Mode" or "Server Mode".	Client
		mode
Root certificate	Select the root certificate file to import into the router.	
Certificate File	Click on "Choose File" to upload certificate file into the router.	
Private Key	Click on "Choose File" to upload private key into the router.	
TLS-Auth Key	Click on "Choose File" to upload TLS-AutH key into the router.	
PKCS#12 Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to upload PKCS#12 Certificate into the router.	
	Certificate Files	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Filename	Show the imported certificate's name.	Null
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null
Modification Time	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null

3.19 VPN > GRE

This section allows you to set the GRE and the related parameters. Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) is a tunneling protocol that can encapsulate a wide variety of network layer protocols inside virtual point-to-point links over an Internet Protocol network.

GRE





Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 3.



Tunnel Settings @ GRE		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this GRE tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote IP Address	Set the remote real IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Local Virtual IP Address	Set the local virtual IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Local Virtual Netmask	Set the local virtual Netmask of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote Virtual IP	Set the remote virtual IP Address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Address/ IPv6 prefix		
length		
Enable Default Route	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, all	OFF
	the traffics of the router will go through the GRE VPN.	
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. This option must be	Disable
	enabled when router under NAT environment.	
Secrets	Set the key of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Link Binding	Select from "WWAN1", "WWAN2", "WAN", or "WLAN".	Not
LITIK BITIUTING	Select Holli VVVVAINI, VVVVAINZ, VVAIN, OI VVLAIN.	bound

Status

This section allows you to view the status of GRE tunnel.





3.20 Services > Syslog

This section allows you to set the syslog parameters. The system log of the router can be saved in the local, also supports to be sent to remote log server and specified application debugging. By default, the "Log to Remote" option is disabled.



The window is displayed as below when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.



Syslog Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Syslog settings option.	OFF
Syslog Level	Select from "Debug", "Info", "Notice", "Warning" or "Error", which from low to	Debug
	high. The lower level will output more syslog in detail.	
Save Position	Select the save position from "RAM", "NVM" or "Console". Choose "RAM", the	RAM
	data will be cleared after reboot.	
	Note: It's not recommended that saving syslog to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory)	
	for a long time.	
Log to Remote	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to allow router	OFF
	sending syslog to the remote syslog server. You need to enter the IP and Port of	
	the syslog server.	
Add Identifier	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can add	OFF
	serial number to syslog message which used for loading Syslog to RobustLink.	
Remote IP Address	Enter the IP address of syslog server when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.	Null



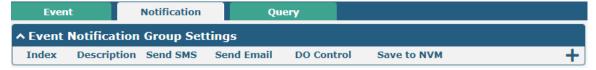
Remote Port	Enter the port of syslog server when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.	514
-------------	---	-----

3.21 Services > Event

This section allows you to set the event parameters. Event feature provides an ability to send alerts by SMS or Email when certain system events occur.



General Settings @ Event		
Item	Description	Default
Signal Quality Threshold	Set the threshold for signal quality. Router will generate a log event when	0
	the actual threshold is less than the specified threshold. 0 means disable	
	this option.	



Click + button to add an Event parameters.





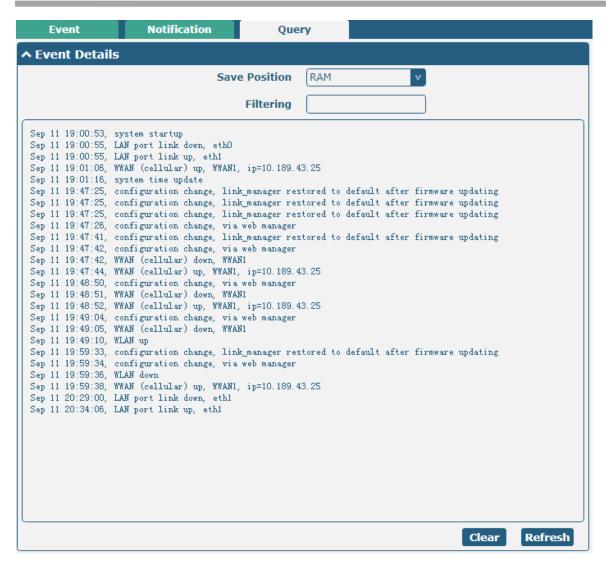
↑ Event Selection	②
System Startup	ON OFF
System Reboot	ON OFF
System Time Update	ON OFF
Configuration Change	OM OFF
Cellular Network Type Change	OM OFF
Cellular Data Stats Clear	ON OFF
Cellular Data Traffic Overflow	OM OFF
Poor Signal Quality	OM OFF
Link Switching	OM OFF
WAN Up	OM OFF
WAN Down	OM OFF
WLAN Up	OM OFF
WLAN Down	ON OFF
WWAN Up	ON OFF
WWAN Down	ON OFF
IPSec Connection Up	OH OFF
IPSec Connection Down	OH OFF
OpenVPN Connection Up	ON OFF
OpenVPN Connection Down	ON OFF
LAN Port Link Up	ON OFF
LAN Port Link Down	ON OFF
USB Device Connect	ON OFF
USB Device Remove	ON OFF
DDNS Update Success	ON OFF
DDNS Update Fail	ON OFF
Received SMS	ON OFF
SMS Command Execute	ON OFF
DI 1 ON	OM OFF
DI 1 OFF	OM OFF
DI 1 Counter Overflow	OM OFF
DI 2 ON	OM OFF
DI 2 OFF	OM OFF
DI 2 Counter Overflow	OM OFF



General Settings @ Notification		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this group.	Null
Sent SMS	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will	OFF
	send notification to the specified phone numbers via SMS if event occurs. Set the	
	related phone number in "3.24 Services > Email", and use ';'to separate each	
	number.	
Send Email	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will	OFF
	send notification to the specified email box via Email if event occurs. Set the related	
	email address in "3.24 Services > Email".	
DO Control	Click the toggle button to enable / disable this option. After it is turned on, the	OFF
DO Control	event router will send it to the corresponding DO in the form of Low / High level.	OFF
Save to NVM	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to save event to	OFF
	nonvolatile memory.	

In the following window you can query various types of events record. Click **Refresh** to query filtered events while click **Clear** to clear the event records in the window.



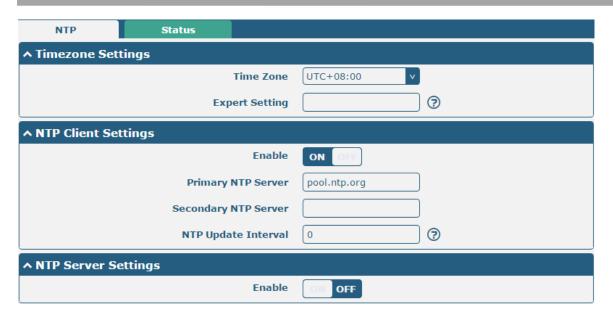


Event Details		
Item	Description	Default
Save Position	Select the events' save position from "RAM" or "NVM".	RAM
	RAM: Random-access memory	
	NVM: Non-Volatile Memory	
Filter Message	Event will be filtered according to the Filter Message that the user set. Click	Null
	Refresh, the filtered event will be displayed in the follow box. Use "&" to	
	separate more than one filter message, such as message1&message2.	

3.22 Services > NTP

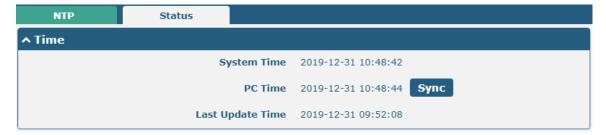
This section allows you to set the related NTP (Network Time Protocol) parameters, including Time zone, NTP Client and NTP Server.





NTP		
Item	Description	Default
	Timezone Settings	
Time Zone	Click the drop down list to select the time zone you are in.	UTC +08:00
Expert Setting	Specify the time zone with Daylight Saving Time in TZ environment	Null
	variable format. The Time Zone option will be ignored in this case.	
	NTP Client Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to	ON
	synchronize time with the NTP server.	
Primary NTP Server	Enter primary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	pool.ntp.org
Secondary NTP Server	Enter secondary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	Null
NTP Update interval	Enter the interval (minutes) which NTP client synchronize the time from	0
	NTP server. Minutes wait for next update, and 0 means update only	
	once.	
NTP Server Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable the NTP server option.	OFF

This window allows you to view the current time of router and also synchronize the router time. Click **Sync** button to synchronize the router time with PC's.





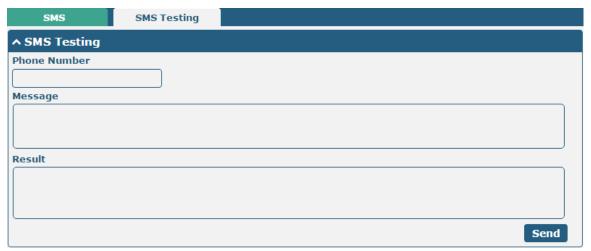
3.23 Services > SMS

This section allows you to set SMS parameters. Router supports SMS management, and user can control and configure their routers by sending SMS. For more details about SMS control, refer to **4.2.2 SMS Remote Control**.



SMS Management Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SMS Management option.	ON
	Note: If this option is disabled, the SMS configuration is invalid.	
Authentication Type	Select Authentication Type from "Password", "Phonenum" or "Both".	Password
	Password: Use the same username and password as WEB manager for	
	authentication. For example, the format of the SMS should be "username:	
	password; cmd1; cmd2;"	
	Note: Set the WEB manager password in System > User Management	
	section.	
	Phonenum: Use the Phone number for authenticating, and user should set	
	the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The format of	
	the SMS should be "cmd1; cmd2;"	
	Both: Use both the "Password" and "Phonenum" for authentication. User	
	should set the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The	
	format of the SMS should be "username: password; cmd1; cmd2;"	
Phone Number	Set the phone number used for SMS management, and use '; 'to separate each	Null
	number.	
	Note : It can be null when choose "Password" as the authentication type.	

User can test the current SMS service whether it is available in this section.

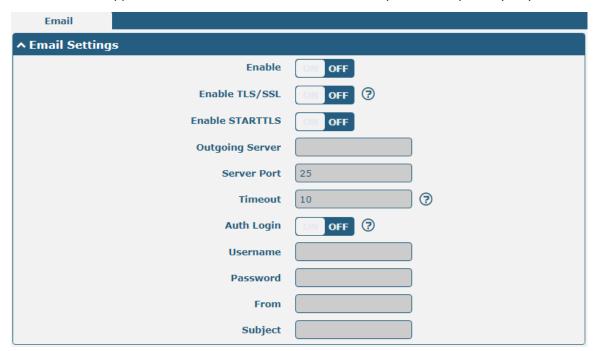




SMS Testing		
Item	Description	Default
Phone Number	Enter the specified phone number which can receive the SMS from router.	Null
Message	Enter the message that router will send it to the specified phone number.	Null
Result	The result of the SMS test will be displayed in the result box.	Null
Send	Click the button to send the test message.	

3.24 Services > Email

Email function supports to send the event notifications to the specified recipient by ways of email.



Email Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Email option.	OFF
Enable TLS/SSL	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the TLS/SSL option.	OFF
Enable STARTTLS	Click the toggle button to enable / disable STARTTLS encryption.	OFF
Outgoing server	Enter the SMTP server IP Address or domain name.	Null
Server port	Enter the SMTP server port.	25
Timeout	Set the max time for sending email to SMTP server. When the server doesn't	10
	receive the email over this time, it will try to resend.	
Auth Login	If the mail server supports AUTH login, you must enable this button and set a	OFF
	username and password.	UFF
Username	Enter the username which has been registered from SMTP server.	Null
Password	Enter the password of the username above.	Null



Email Settings		
Item	Description	Default
From	Enter the source address of the email.	Null
Subject	Enter the subject of this email.	Null

3.25 Services > DDNS

This section allows you to set the DDNS parameters. The Dynamic DNS function allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static domain name, allows you whose ISP does not assign them a static IP address to use a domain name. This is especially useful for hosting servers via your connection, so that anyone wishing to connect to you may use your domain name, rather than having to use your dynamic IP address, which changes from time to time. This dynamic IP address is the WAN IP address of the router, which is assigned to you by your ISP. The service provider defaults to "DynDNS", as shown below.



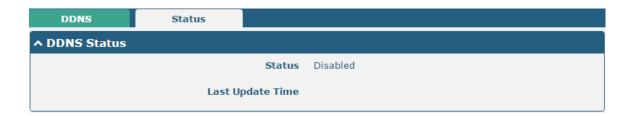
When "Custom" service provider chosen, the window is displayed as below.



DDNS Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DDNS option.	OFF
Service Provider	Select the DDNS service from "DynDNS", "NO-IP" or "3322".	
	Note: the DDNS service only can be used after registered by	DynDNS
	Corresponding service provider.	
Hostname	Enter the hostname provided by the DDNS server.	Null
Username	Enter the username provided by the DDNS server.	Null
Password	Enter the password provided by the DDNS server.	Null
URL	Enter the URL customized by user.	Null

Click "Status" bar to view the status of the DDNS.





DDNS Status		
Item	Description	
Status	Display the current status of the DDNS.	
Last Update Time	Display the date and time for the DDNS was last updated successfully.	

3.26 Services > SSH

Router supports SSH password access and secret-key access.



SSH Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can	OFF	
	access the router via SSH.		
Port	Set the port of the SSH access.	22	
Disable Password Logins	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you	OFF	
	cannot use username and password to access the router via SSH. In this		
	case, only the key can be used for login.		

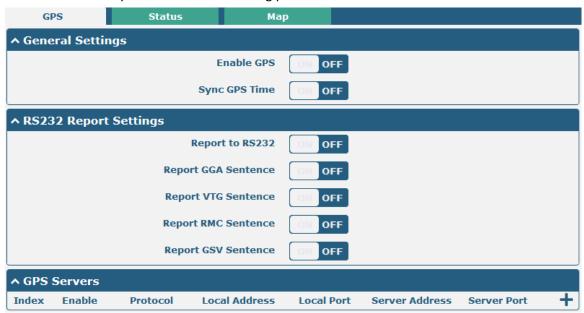


Keys Management		
Item Description		
Authorized Keys	Click on "Choose File" to locate an authorized key from your computer, and then	
	click "Import" to import this key into your router.	
	Note: This option is valid when enabling the password logins option.	



3.27 Services > GPS

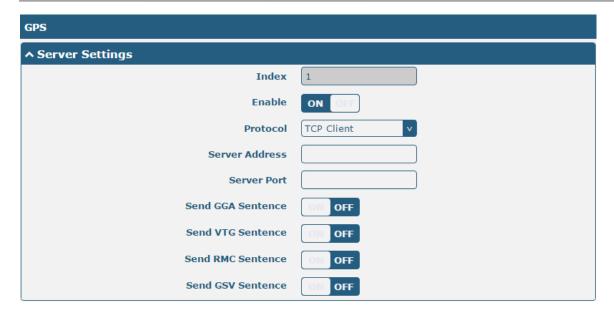
This section allows you to set the GPS setting parameters.



General Settings @ GPS		
Item	Description	Default
Enable GPS	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the GPS option.	OFF
Sync GPS Time	Click the toggle button to synchronize GPS time.	OFF
	RS232 Report Settings	
Report to RS232	Click the toggle button to report to RS232.	OFF
Report GGA	Click the taggle button to report CCA centance	OFF
Sentence	Click the toggle button to report GGA sentence.	OFF
Report VTG	Click the toggle button to report VTG sentence.	OFF
Sentence	Click the toggle button to report via sentence.	OFF
Report RMC	Click the taggle button to report PMC centence	OFF
Sentence	Click the toggle button to report RMC sentence.	OFF
Report GSV	Click the taggle button to report CSV contance	OFF
Sentence	Click the toggle button to report GSV sentence.	UFF

The window is displayed as below when choosing "TCP Client" as the protocol.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "TCP Server" as the protocol.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "UDP" as the protocol.

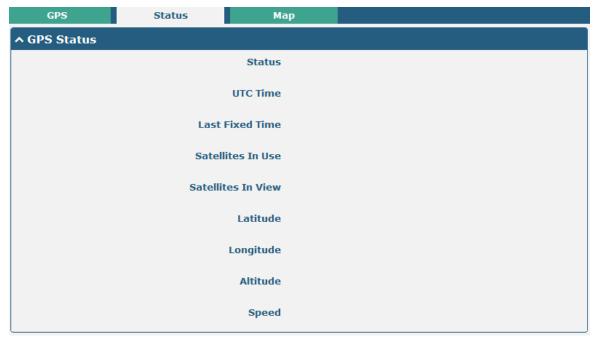




Server Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the GPS server	ON
	settings.	
Protocol	Select from "TCP Client", "TCP Server" or "UDP".	TCP Client
Server Address	Set the address of the TCP Client.	Null
@TCP Client		
Server Port	Set the port of the remote TCP Server.	Null
@TCP Client		
Local Address	Set the local address when the router set as a TCP Server.	Null
Local Port	Set the local port when the router set as a TCP Server.	Null
Server Address @ UDP	Set the address of the TCP Server.	Null
Server Port @ UDP	Set the port of the remote TCP Server.	Null
Send GGA Sentence	Send GGA information in NMEA format.	OFF
Send VTG Sentence	Send VTG information in NMEA format.	OFF
Send RMC Sentence	Send RMC information in NMEA format.	OFF
Send GSV Sentence	Send GSV information in NMEA format.	OFF



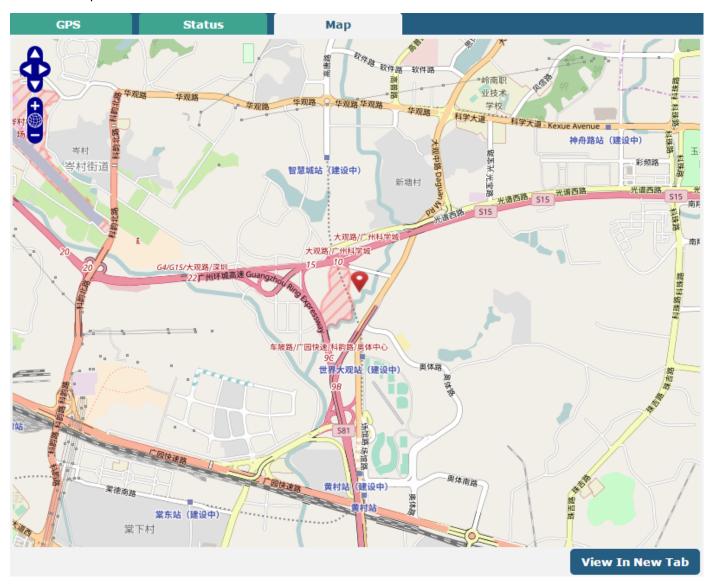
Click the "Status" column to view the status of the GPS.



GPS Status	
Item	Description
Status	Show the GPS Status. GPS status includes: "NO Fix", "2D Fix" and "3D Fix".
UTC Time	Show the UTC of satellites, which is world unified time, not local time.
Last Fixed Time	Show the last positioning time.
Satellites In Use	Show the satellite quantity in use.
Satellite In View	Show the satellite quantity in view.
Latitude	Show the latitude status of router.
Longitude	Show the longitude status of router.
Altitude	Show the altitude status of router.
Speed	Show the horizontal speed of router.

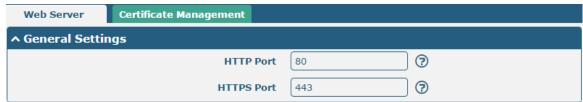


Click the "Map" column to view the current location of the router.



3.28 Services > Web Server

This section allows you to modify the parameters of Web Server.



Basic @ Web Server		
Item	Description	Default
HTTP Port	Enter the HTTP port number you want to change in router's Web Server. On a	80
	Web server, port 80 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to receive	



	from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTP Port number	
	except 80, only adding that port number then you can login router's Web	
	Server.	
HTTPS Port	Enter the HTTPS port number you want to change in router's Web Server. On a	443
	Web server, port 443 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to	
	receive from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTPS Port	
	number except 443, only adding that port number then you can login router's	
	Web Server.	
	Note: HTTPS is more secure than HTTP. In many cases, clients may be	
	exchanging confidential information with a server, which needs to be secured in	
	order to prevent unauthorized access. For this reason, HTTP was developed by	
	Netscape corporation to allow authorization and secured transactions.	

This section allows you to import the certificate file into the route.



Certificate Management		
Item	Description	Default
Import Type	Select from "CA" and "Private Key".	CA
	CA: a digital certificate issued by CA center	
	Private Key: a private key file	
HTTPS Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from your computer, and then	
	click "Import" to import this file into your router.	

3.29 Services > Advanced

This section allows you to set the Advanced and parameters.







System Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Device Name	Set the device name to distinguish different devices you have installed; valid	router
	characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *.	
User LED Type	Specify the display type of your USR LED. Select from "None", "OpenVPN", "IPsec"	None
	or "WiFi".	
	None: Meaningless indication, and the LED is off	
	OpenVPN: USR indicator showing the OpenVPN status	
	IPsec: USR indicator showing the IPsec status	
	WiFi: USR indicator showing the WiFi status	
	Note: For more details about USR indicator, see "2.2 LED Indicators".	

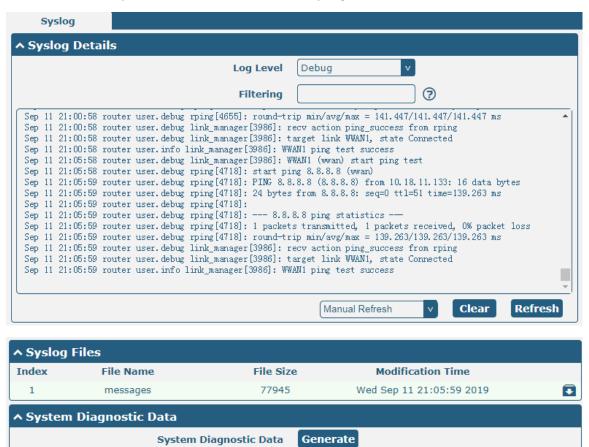


Reboot		
Item	Description	Default
Periodic Reboot	Set the reboot period of the router. 0 means disable.	0
Daily Reboot Time	Set the daily reboot time of the router, you should follow the format as HH: MM, in 24h time frame, otherwise the data will be invalid. Leave it empty means	Null
	disable.	



3.30 System > Debug

This section allows you to check and download the syslog details.



Syslog			
Item	Description	Default	
	Syslog Details		
Log Level	Select from "Debug", "Info", "Notice", "Warn", "Error" which from low to high.	Debug	
	The lower level will output more syslog in detail.		
Filtering	Enter the filtering message based on the keywords. Use "&" to separate more	Null	
	than one filter message, such as "keyword1&keyword2".		
Refresh	Select from "Manual Refresh", "5 Seconds", "10 Seconds", "20 Seconds" or "30	Manual	
	Seconds". You can select these intervals to refresh the log information displayed	Refresh	
	in the follow box. If selecting "manual refresh", you should click the refresh		
	button to refresh the syslog.		
Clear	Click the button to clear the syslog.		
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the syslog.		
	Syslog Files		
Syslog Files List	It can show at most 5 syslog files in the list, the files' name range from message0	/	
	to message 4. And the newest syslog file will be placed on the top of the list.		
System Diagnosing Data			



129/166

Generate	Click to generate the syslog diagnosing file.	/
Download	Click to download the generated system diagnostic data.	

3.31 System > Update

This section allows you to upgrade the firmware of your router. Click **System > Update > System Update**, and click on "Choose File" to locate the firmware file to be used for the upgrade. Once the latest firmware has been chosen, click **Update** to start the upgrade process. The upgrade process may take several minutes. Do not turn off your Router during the firmware upgrade process.

Note: To access the latest firmware file, please contact your technical support engineer.



Update		
Item	Description	Default
System Update	Click Choose File button to select the correct firmware in your PC, and then click	Null
	Update button to update. After updating successfully, you need to click "save	
	and apply", and then reboot the router to take effect.	



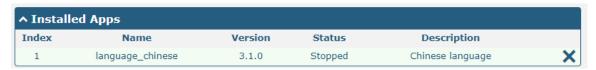
3.32 System > App Center

This section allows you to add some required or customized applications to the router. Import and install your applications to the App Center, and reboot the device according to the system prompts. Each installed application will be displayed under the "Services" menu, while other applications related to VPN will be displayed under the "VPN" menu.

Note: After importing the applications to the router, the page display may have a slight delay due to the browser cache. It is recommended that you clear the browser cache first and log in the router again.



The successfully installed app will be displayed in the following list. Click Xto uninstall the app.

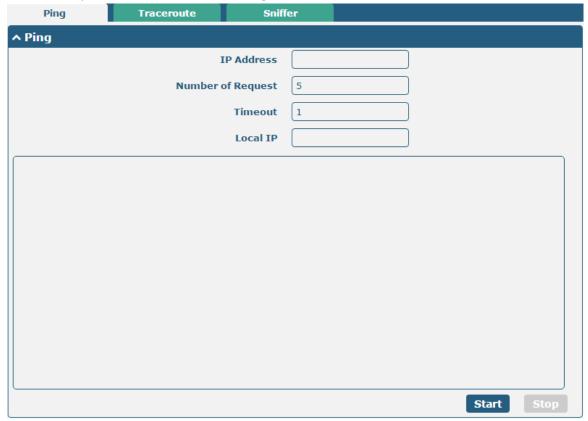


App Center		
Item	Description	Default
	App Install	
File	Click on "Choose File" to locate the App file from your computer, and then click	
	Install to import this file into your router.	
	Note : File format should be xxx.rpk, e.g. R3000-robustlink-1.0.0.rpk.	
	Installed Apps	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Name	Show the name of the App.	Null
Version	Show the version of the App.	Null
Status	Show the status of the App.	Null
Description	Show the description for this App.	Null



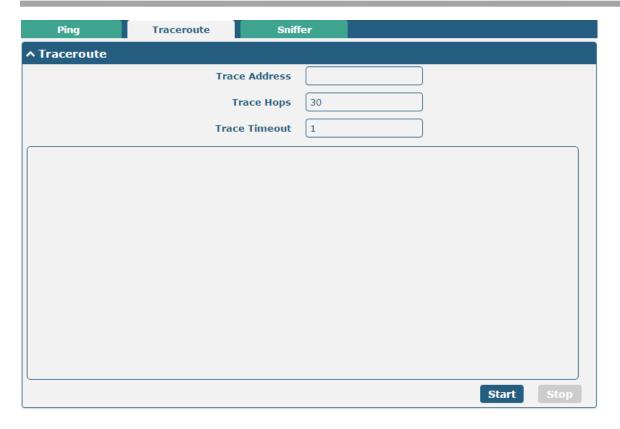
3.33 System > Tools

This section provides users three tools: Ping, Traceroute and Sniffer.

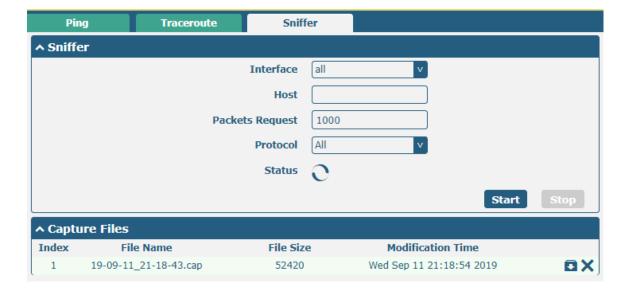


Ping		
Item	Description	Default
IP address	Enter the ping's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null
Number of Requests	Specify the number of ping requests.	5
Timeout	Specify the timeout of ping request.	1
Local IP	Specify the local IP from cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null	Null
	stands for selecting local IP address from these three automatically.	
Start	Click this button to start ping request, and the log will be displayed in the	Null
	follow box.	
Stop	Click this button to stop ping request.	





Traceroute		
Item	Description	Default
Trace Address	Enter the trace's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null
Trace Hops	Specify the max trace hops. Router will stop tracing if the trace hops has met	30
	max value no matter the destination has been reached or not.	
Trace Timeout	Specify the timeout of Traceroute request.	1
Start	Click this button to start Traceroute request, and the log will be displayed in	
	the follow box.	
Stop	Click this button to stop Traceroute request.	

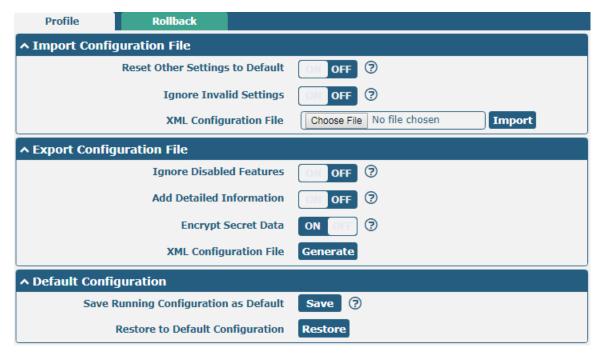




Sniffer		
Item	Description	Default
Interface	Choose the interface according to your Ethernet configuration.	All
Host	Filter the packet that contain the specify IP address.	Null
Packets Request	Set the packet number that the router can sniffer at a time.	1000
Protocol	Select from "All", "IP", "TCP", "UDP" and "ARP".	All
Port	Set the port number for TCP or UDP that is used in sniffer.	Null
Status	Show the current status of sniffer.	Null
Start	Click this button to start the sniffer.	
Stop	Click this button to stop the sniffer. Once you click this button, a new log file	
	will be displayed in the following List.	
Capture Files	Every times of sniffer log will be saved automatically as a new file. You can find	Null
	the file from this Sniffer Traffic Data List and click 🖸 to download the log, click	
	Xto delete the log file. It can cache a maximum of 5 files.	

3.34 System > Profile

This section allows you to import or export the configuration file, and restore the router to factory default setting.



Profile		
Item	Description	Default
Import Configuration File		
Reset Other Settings to	Click the toggle button as "ON" to return other parameters to default	OFF
Default	settings.	
Ignore Invalid Settings	Click the toggle button as "OFF" to ignore invalid settings.	OFF



XML Configuration File	Click on Choose File to locate the XML configuration file from your	
	computer, and then click Import to import this file into your router.	
	Export Configuration File	
Ignore Disabled Features	Click the toggle button as "OFF" to ignore the disabled features.	OFF
Add Detailed Information	Click the toggle button as "On" to add detailed information.	OFF
Encrypt Secret Data	Click the toggle button as "ON" to encrypt the secret data.	OFF
XML Configuration File	Click Generate button to generate the XML configuration file.	
	Default Configuration	
Save Running Configuration as Default	Click Save to save the current running parameters as default configuration.	
Restore to Default	Click Restore to restore the factory defaults.	
Configuration		



Rollback			
Item	Description	Default	
	Configuration Rollback		
Save as a Rollbackable	Create a save point manually. Additionally, the system will create a save		
Archive	point every day automatically if configuration changes.		
Configuration Archive Files			
Configuration Archive	View the related information about configuration archive files, including		
Files	name, size and modification time.		

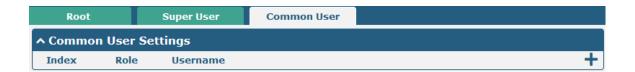


3.35 System > User Management

One router has only one super user who has the highest authority to modify, add and manage other common users.



Super User Settings		
Item	Description	Default
New Username	Enter a new username you want to create; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9,	Null
	@, ., -, #, \$, and *.	
Old Password	Enter the old password of your router. The default is "admin".	Null
New Password	Enter a new password you want to create; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9,	Null
	@, ., -, #, \$, and *.	
Confirm Password	Enter the new password again to confirm.	Null



Click to add a new common user. The maximum rule count is 5.



Common User Settings			
Item	Description		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Role	Select from "Visitor" and "Editor". • Visitor: Users only can view the configuration of router under this level		
	Editor: Users can view and set the configuration of router under this level		
Username	Set the Username; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *. Null		



Password	Set the password which at least contains 5 characters; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-	
	9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *.	

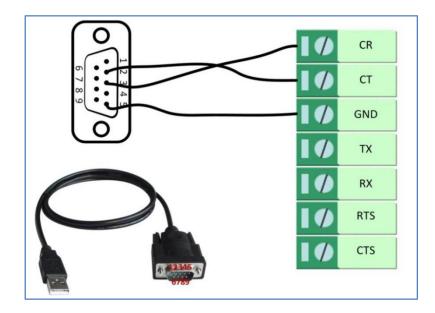


Chapter 4 Configuration Examples

4.1 Interface

4.1.1 Console Port

You can use the console port to manage the router via CLI commands, please refer to **Chapter 5 Introductions for CLI**.

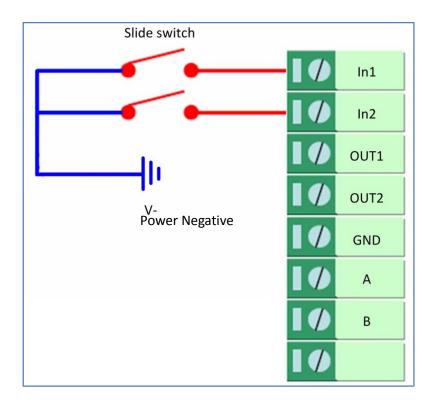




4.1.2 Digital Input

R3000 supports digital input with dry contact. Please check the connector interface of the router, you can easily find a mark "V-" at one pin of the power connector.

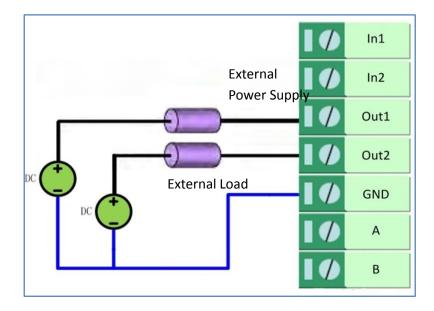
Note: Do not connect In1/In2 directly and do not slide the switch to the port marked "GND" on the terminal block. Otherwise, the DI cannot work properly.



4.1.3 Digital Output

R3000 supports digital output with wet contact. Please refer to the right side figure to connect the negative pole of the power to the port marked "GND".

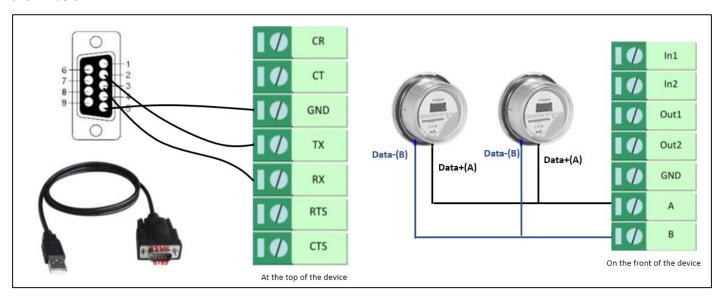
The maximum output voltage, output current and output power of DO is 30V DC, 0.3 A and 0.3 W respectively. It means that the voltage difference between Out1, Out2 and GND cannot exceed to 30V DC; and the current value through Out1 and Out2 cannot exceed to 300 mA; while the output power dissipated by Out1 and Out2 cannot exceed to 0.3W. Otherwise, the DO will be damaged.





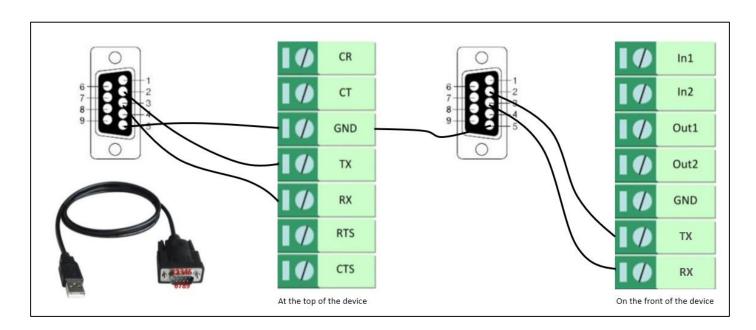
4.1.4 1*RS-232+1*RS-485

R3000 supports 1*RS-232+1*RS-485 for serial port data communication. Please refer to the connection diagram shown below.



4.1.5 2*RS-232

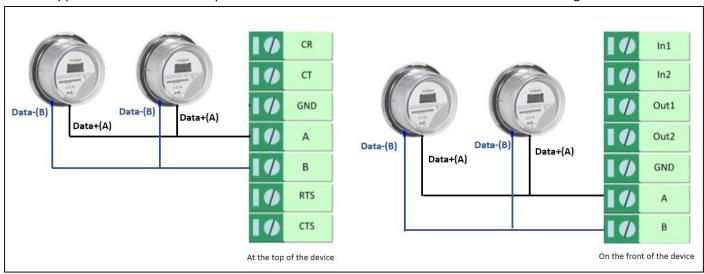
R3000 supports 2*RS-232 for serial port data communication. Please refer to the connection diagram shown below.





4.1.6 2*RS-485

R3000 supports 2*RS-485 for serial port data communication. Please refer to the connection diagram shown below.





141/166

4.2 Cellular

4.2.1 Cellular Dial-Up

WAN

WLAN

3

This section shows you how to configure the primary and backup SIM card for Cellular Dial-up. Connect the router correctly and insert two SIM, then open the configuration page. Under the homepage menu, click **Interface > Link Manager > Link Manager > General Settings**, choose "WWAN1" as the primary link and "WWAN2" as the backup link, and set "Cold Backup" as the backup mode, then click "Submit".

Note: All data will be transferred via WWAN1 when choose WWAN1 as the primary link and set backup mode as cold backup. At the same time, WWAN2 is always offline as a backup link. All data transmission will be switched to WWAN2 when the WWAN1 is disconnected.

SLAAC

SLAAC



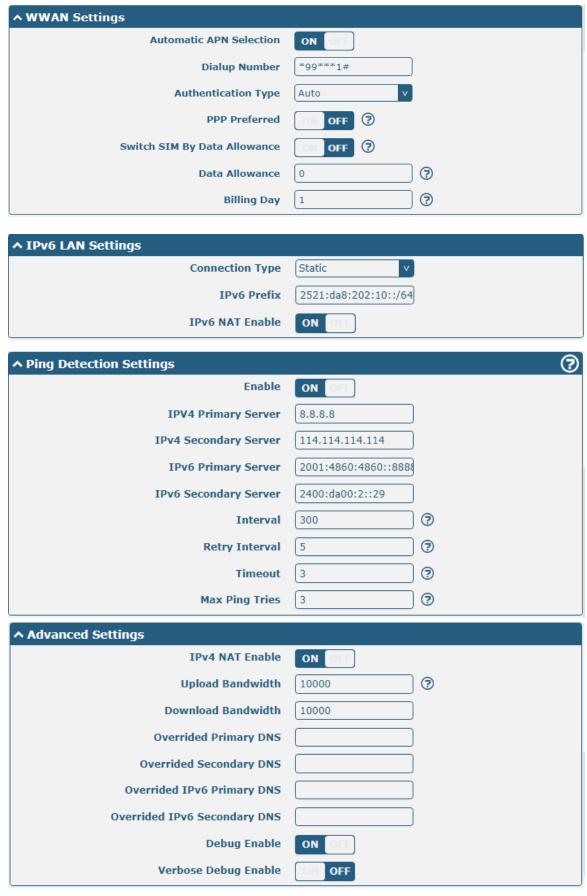
Click the of rightest of WWAN1 to set its parameters according to the current ISP.

DHCP

DHCP







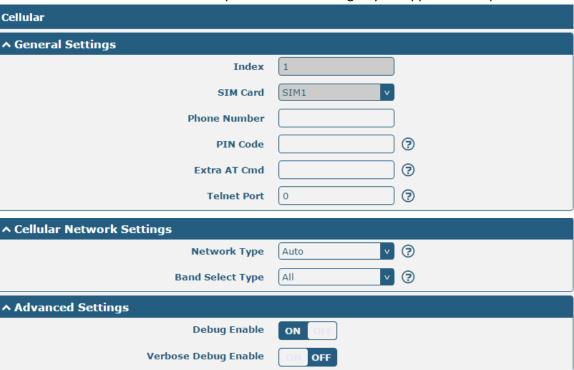
When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.



The window is displayed below by clicking Interface > Cellular > Advanced Cellular Settings.



Click the edit button of SIM1 to set its parameters according to your application request.



When finished, click Submit > Save & Apply for the configuration to take effect.

4.2.2 SMS Remote Control

The router supports remote control via SMS. You can use following commands to get the status of the router, and set all the parameters. There are three authentication types for SMS control. You can select from "Password", "Phonenum" or "Both".

An SMS command has the following structure:

- 1. Password mode—Username: Password;cmd1;cmd2;cmd3; ...cmdn (available for every phone number).
- 2. Phonenum mode—**Password;cmd1; cmd2; cmd3; ... cmdn** (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number which had been added in R3000's phone group).
- 3. Both mode-- **Username: Password;cmd1;cmd2;cmd3; ...cmdn** (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number which had been added in R3000's phone group).



SMS command Explanation:

- User name and Password: use the same username and password as WEB manager for authentication.
- 2. cmd1, cmd2, cmd3 to Cmdn, the command format is the same as the CLI command, more details about CLI cmd please refer to **Chapter 5 Introductions for CLI**.

Note: Download the configure XML file from the configured web browser. The format of SMS control command can refer to the data of the XML file.

Go to **System > Profile > Export Configuration File**, click **Generate** to generate the XML file and click **Export** to export the XML file.

Profile	Rollback				
↑ Import Configuration File					
	Reset Other Settings to Default	OFF ?			
	Ignore Invalid Settings	OFF ?			
a.	XML Configuration File	Choose File No file chosen Import			
^ Export Configuration File					
	Ignore Disabled Features	OFF ?			
	Add Detailed Information	OFF ?			
	Encrypt Secret Data	OFF ?			
Į.	XML Configuration File	Generate			
↑ Default Configuration					
	Save Running Configuration as Default	Save ⑦			
	Restore to Default Configuration	Restore			

XML command:

```
<lan>
<network max_entry_num="2">
<id>1</id>
<interface>lan0</interface>
<ip>172.16.24.24</ip>
<netmask>255.255.0.0</netmask>
<mtu>1500</mtu>
```

SMS cmd:

set lan network 1 interface lan0 set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24 set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0 set lan network 1 mtu 1500

- 3. The semicolon character (',') is used to separate more than one command packed in a single SMS.
- 4. E.g.

admin:admin;status system

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the function of the command is to get the system status.



SMS received:

hardware_version = 1.2 firmware_version = "3.0.0" kernel_version = 4.1.0 device_model = R3000 serial_number = 201612221052 uptime = "0 days, 00:40:21" system_time = "Mon Feb 27 09:52:52 2017"

admin:admin;reboot

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the command is to reboot the Router.

SMS received:

OK

admin:admin;set firewall remote_ssh_access false;set firewall remote_telnet_access false

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the command is to disable the remote_ssh and remote_telnet access.

SMS received:

OK

ОК

admin:admin; set lan network 1 interface lan0; set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24; set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0; set lan network 1 mtu 1500

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the commands is to configure the LAN parameter.

SMS received:

ОК

OK

OK

OK



4.3 Network

4.3.1 IPsec VPN



The configuration of server and client is as follows.

IPsec VPN_Server:

Cisco 2811:

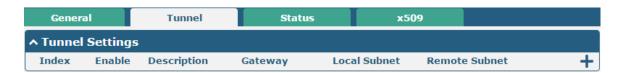


```
Router>enable
Router#config
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config) #crypto isakmp policy 10
Router(config-isakmp)#?
  authentication Set authentication method for protection suite
  encryption Set encryption algorithm for protection suite
                  Exit from ISAKMP protection suite configuration mode
                 Set the Diffie-Hellman group
  group
  hash
                  Set hash algorithm for protection suite
  lifetime
                  Set lifetime for ISAKMP security association
                  Negate a command or set its defaults
 Router(config-isakmp) #encryption 3des
Router(config-isakmp) #hash md5
Router(config-isakmp) #authentication pre-share
Router(config-isakmp) #group 2
Router(config-isakmp) #exit
Router(config) #crypto isakmp ?
  client Set client configuration policy
  enable Enable ISAKMP
          Set pre-shared key for remote peer
  kev
  policy Set policy for an ISAKMP protection suite
 Router(config)#crypto isakmp key cisco address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
Router(config) #crypto ?
  dynamic-map Specify a dynamic crypto map template
  ipsec
               Configure IPSEC policy
               Configure ISAKMP policy
  isakmp
  key
              Long term key operations
               Enter a crypto map
  map
Router(config) #crypto ipsec ?
  security-association Security association parameters
  transform-set
                        Define transform and settings
Router(config) #crypto ipsec transform-set Trans ?
  ah-md5-hmac AH-HMAC-MD5 transform
  ah-sha-hmac AH-HMAC-SHA transform
                ESP transform using 3DES(EDE) cipher (168 bits)
  esp-3des
               ESP transform using AES cipher
  esp-aes
                ESP transform using DES cipher (56 bits)
  esp-md5-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-MD5 auth
  esp-sha-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-SHA auth
Router(config) #crypto ipsec transform-set Trans esp-3des esp-md5-hmac
Router(config) #ip access-list extended vpn
Router(config-ext-nacl) #permit ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
Router(config-ext-nacl) #exit
Router(config) #crypto map cry-map 10 ipsec-isakmp
% NOTE: This new crypto map will remain disabled until a peer
        and a valid access list have been configured.
Router(config-crypto-map) #match address vpn
Router(config-crypto-map) #set transform-set Trans
Router(config-crypto-map) #set peer 202.100.1.1
Router(config-crypto-map) #exit
Router(config) #interface fastEthernet 0/0
Router(config-if) #ip address 58.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#cr
Router(config-if) #crypto map cry-map
*Jan 3 07:16:26.785: %CRYPTO-6-ISAKMP_ON_OFF: ISAKMP is ON
```

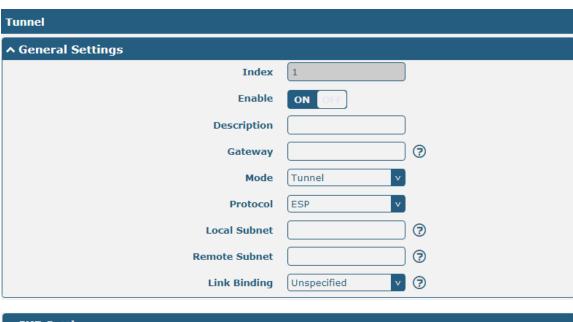
IPsec VPN_Client:

The window is displayed as below by clicking VPN > IPsec > Tunnel.

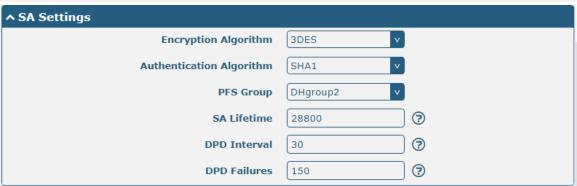




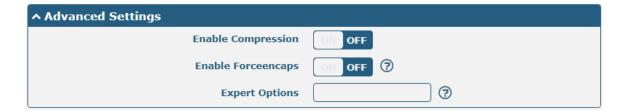
Click + button and set the parameters of IPsec Client as below.





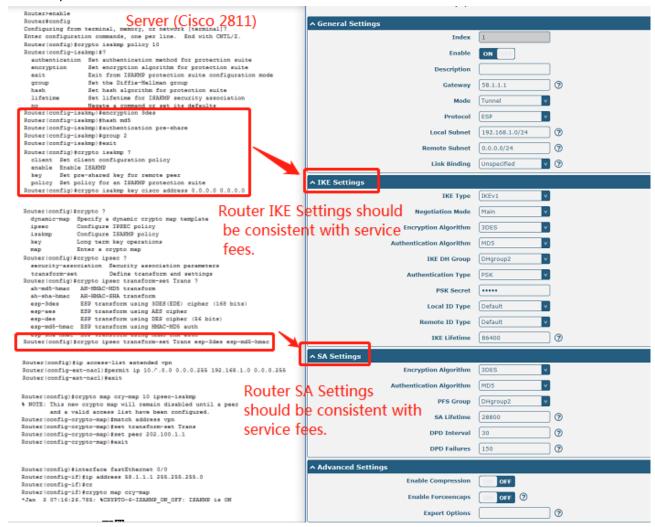






When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

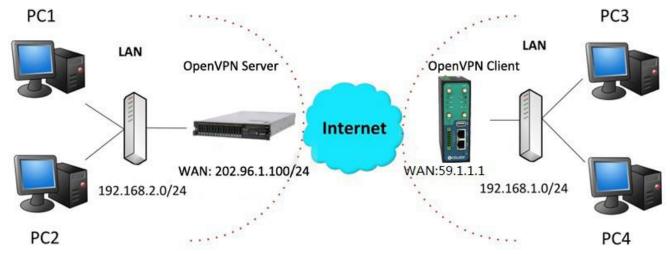
The comparison between server and client is as below.





4.3.2 OpenVPN

OpenVPN supports two modes, including Client and P2P. Here takes P2P as an example.



The configuration of two points is as follows.

OpenVPN_Server:

Generate relevant OpenVPN certificate on the server side firstly, and refer to the following commands to configuration the Server:

local 202.96.1.100

mode server

port 1194

proto udp

dev tun

tun-mtu 1500

fragment 1500

ca ca.crt

cert Server01.crt

key Server01.key

dh dh1024.pem

server 10.8.0.0 255.255.255.0

ifconfig-pool-persist ipp.txt

push "route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0"

client-config-dir ccd

route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0

keepalive 10 120

cipher BF-CBC

comp-lzo

max-clients 100

persist-key

persist-tun

status openvpn-status.log

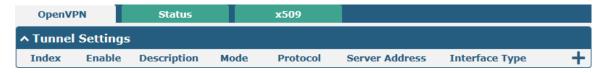


verb 3

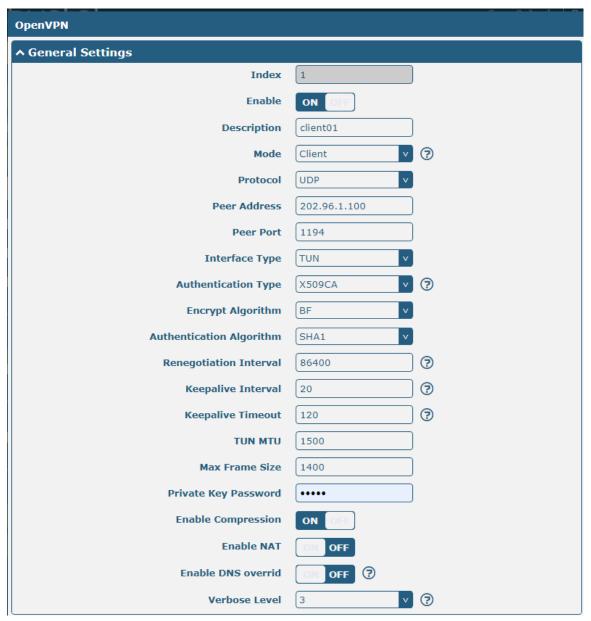
Note: For more configuration details, please contact your technical support engineer.

OpenVPN_Client:

Click VPN > OpenVPN > OpenVPN as below.



Click + to configure the Client01 as below.







When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

4.3.3 GRE VPN



The configuration of two points is as follows.

The window is displayed as below by clicking **VPN > GRE > GRE**.



GRE-1:

Click + button and set the parameters of GRE-1 as below.





When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.



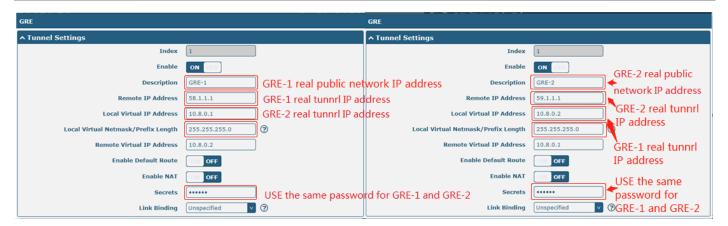
GRE-2:

Click + button and set the parameters of GRE-1 as below.

When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

The comparison between GRE-1 and GRE-2 is as below.



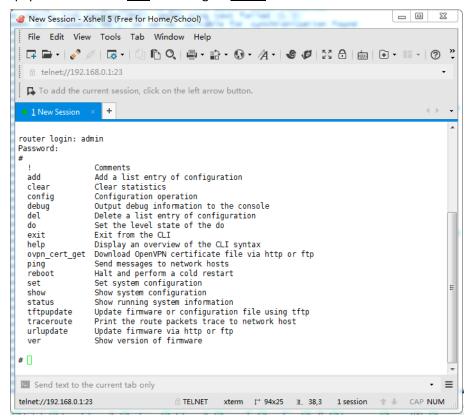




Chapter 5 Introductions for CLI

5.1 What Is CLI

The R3000 command-line interface (CLI) is a software interface providing another way to set the parameters of equipment from the <u>SSH</u> or through a <u>telnet</u> network connection.



Route login:

Router login: admin

Password: admin

#

CLI commands:

#? (Note: the '?' won't display on the page.)

!	Comments
add	Add a list entry of configuration
clear	Clear statistics
config	Configuration operation
debug	Output debug information to the console
del	Delete a list entry of configuration
exit	Exit from the CLI
help	Display an overview of the CLI syntax



ping Send messages to network hosts reboot Halt and perform a cold restart

route Static route modify dynamically, this setting will not be saved

set Set system configuration show Show system configuration

status Show running system information

tftpupdate Update firmware using tftp

traceroute Print the route packets trace to network host

urlupdate Update firmware using http or ftp

ver Show version of firmware



5.2 How to Configure the CLI

Following is a table about the description of help and the error should be encountered in the configuring program.

Commands /tips	Description	
?	Typing a question mark "?" will show you the help information.	
	eg.	
	# config (Press '?')	
	config Configuration operation	
	# config (Press spacebar +'?')	
	commit Save the configuration changes and take effect changed	
	configuration	
	save_and_apply Save the configuration changes and take effect changed	
	configuration	
	loaddefault Restore Factory Configuration	
Ctrl+c	Press these two keys at the same time, except its "copy" function but also	
	can be used for "break" out of the setting program.	
Syntax error: The command is not	Command is not completed.	
completed		
Tick space key+ Tab key	It can help you finish you command.	
	Example:	
	# config (tick Enter key)	
	Syntax error: The command is not completed	
	# config (tick space key+ Tab key)	
	commit save_and_apply loaddefault	
#config commit	When your setting finished, you should enter those commands to make	
# config save_and_apply	your setting take effect on the device.	
	Note: Commit and save_and_apply plays the same role.	

5.3 Commands Reference

Commands	Syntax	Description
Debug	Debug parameters	Turn on or turn off debug function
Show	Show parameters	Show current configuration of each function, if we need to see all
		please using "show running"
Set	Set parameters	All the function parameters are set by commands set and add, the
Add	Add parameters	difference is that set is for the single parameter and add is for the list
		parameter

Note: Download the config.XML file from the configured web browser. The command format can refer to the config.XML file format.



5.4 Quick Start with Configuration Examples

The best and quickest way to master CLI is firstly to view all features from the webpage and then read all CLI commands at a time, finally learn to configure it with some reference examples.

Example 1: Show current version

```
# status system
hardware_version = 1.2
firmware_version = "3.0.0"
kernel_version = 4.1.0
device_model = R3000
serial_number = 201612221052
uptime = "0 days, 00:40:21"
system_time = "Mon Feb 27 09:52:52 2017"
```

Example 2: Update firmware via tftp

```
# tftpupdate (space+?)
  firmware New firmware
# tftpupdate firmware (space+?)
  String Firmware name
# tftpupdate firmware filename R3000-firmware-sysupgrade-unknown.bin host 192.168.100.99 //enter a new
firmware name
Downloading
R3000-firmware-s 100% | *****************************
                                                              5018k 0:00:00 ETA
Flashing
Checking 100%
Decrypting 100%
Flashing 100%
Verifying 100%
Verfify Success
                                              //update success
upgrade success
# config save_and_apply
                                       // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
OK
```

Example 3: Set link-manager

```
# set
# set
at_over_telnet AT Over Telnet
cellular Cellular
ddns Dynamic DNS
ethernet Ethernet
```



event Event Management

firewall Firewall gre GRE ipsec IPsec

lan Local Area Network link manager Link Manager

ntp NTP

openvpn OpenVPN

reboot Automatic Reboot

RobustLink RobustLink route Route SMS

snmp SNMP agent

ssh SSH syslog Syslog system System

vrrp VRRP

web_server Web Server

set link_manager

primary_link Primary Link
backup_link Backup Link
backup_mode Backup Mode
emergency_reboot Emergency Reboot

link Link Settings

set link_manager primary_link (space+?)
Enum Primary Link (wwan1/wwan2/wan)

set link_manager primary_link wwan1

OK

set link_manager link 1

type Type
desc Description
connection_type Connection Type
wwan WWAN Settings

static_addr Static Address Settings

pppoe PPPoE Settings ping Ping Settings

mtu MTU

dns1_overrided Overrided Primary DNS dns2_overrided Overrided Secondary DNS

set link_manager link 1 type wwan1

OK

set link_manager link 1 wwan

auto_apn Automatic APN Selection

apn APN

//select "wwan1" as primary_link
//setting succeed



```
username
                                 Username
  password
                                 Password
  dialup_number
                                 Dialup Number
                                 Authentication Type
  auth_type
                                 Aggressive Reset
  aggressive_reset
  switch_by_data_allowance
                                 Switch SIM By Data Allowance
  data_allowance
                                 Data Allowance
  billing_day
                                 Billing Day
# set link_manager link 1 wwan switch_by_data_allowance true
#
# set link manager link 1 wwan data allowance 100
                                                                    //open cellular switch_by_data_traffic
                                                                    //setting succeed
OK
# set link_manager link 1 wwan billing_day 1
                                                                    //setting specifies the day of month for billing
                                                                    //setting succeed
OK
# config save_and_apply
OK
                                        // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

Example 4: Set Ethernet

```
# set Ethernet port_setting 2 port_assignmEnt lan0  //Set Table 2 (eth1) to lan0

OK

# config save_and_apply  //setting succeed

OK
```

Example 5: Set LAN IP address

```
# show lan all

network {
    id = 1
    interface = lan0
    ip = 192.168.0.1
    netmask = 255.255.255.0
    mtu = 1500
    dhcp {
        enable = true
        mode = server
        relay_server = ""
        pool_start = 192.168.0.2
        pool_end = 192.168.0.100
        netmask = 255.255.255.0
        gateway = ""
```



```
primary_dns = ""
         secondary_dns = ""
         wins_server = ""
         lease_time = 120
         expert_options = ""
         debug_enable = false
    }
}
multi_ip {
    id = 1
    interface = lan0
    ip = 172.16.24.24
    netmask = 255.255.0.0
}
#
# set lan
  network
                 Network Settings
  multi_ip
                 Multiple IP Address Settings
  vlan
# set lan network 1(space+?)
  interface
                 Interface
                 IP Address
  ip
                 Netmask
  netmask
                 MTU
  mtu
  dhcp
                 DHCP Settings
# set lan network 1 interface lan0
OK
# set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24
                                                  //set IP address for lan
                                                  //setting succeed
# set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0
ОК
#
# config save_and_apply
OK
                                         // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

Example 6: CLI for setting Cellular

```
# show cellular all
sim {
    id = 1
    card = sim1
    phone_number = ""
    extra_at_cmd = ""
    network_type = auto
```



```
band_select_type = all
    band_gsm_850 = false
    band_gsm_900 = false
    band_gsm_1800 = false
    band_gsm_1900 = false
    band wcdma 850 = false
    band_wcdma_900 = false
    band_wcdma_1900 = false
    band_wcdma_2100 = false
    band_lte_800 = false
    band_lte_850 = false
    band Ite 900 = false
    band_lte_1800 = false
    band_lte_1900 = false
    band_lte_2100 = false
    band_lte_2600 = false
    band_lte_1700 = false
    band_lte_700 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2600 = false
    band_tdd_lte_1900 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2300 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2500 = false
}
sim {
    id = 2
    card = sim2
    phone_number = ""
    extra_at_cmd = ""
    network_type = auto
    band_select_type = all
    band_gsm_850 = false
    band_gsm_900 = false
    band gsm 1800 = false
    band_gsm_1900 = false
    band_wcdma_850 = false
    band_wcdma_900 = false
    band_wcdma_1900 = false
    band wcdma 2100 = false
    band_lte_800 = false
    band_lte_850 = false
    band_lte_900 = false
    band_lte_1800 = false
    band_lte_1900 = false
    band_lte_2100 = false
    band_lte_2600 = false
```



```
band Ite 1700 = false
    band_lte_700 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2600 = false
    band_tdd_lte_1900 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2300 = false
    band tdd lte 2500 = false
}
# set(space+?)
                 cellular
                                    ddns
at_over_telnet
                                                      dhcp
                                                                       dns
event
                 firewall
                                    ipsec
                                                      lan
                                                                       link_manager
ntp
                 openvpn
                                    reboot
                                                      route
                                                                       serial_port
sms
                 snmp
                                    syslog
                                                      system
                                                                       user management
vrrp
# set cellular(space+?)
  sim SIM Settings
# set cellular sim(space+?)
  Integer Index (1..2)
# set cellular sim 1(space+?)
                        SIM Card
  card
  phone_number
                        Phone Number
  extra at cmd
                         Extra AT Cmd
  network_type
                        Network Type
  band_select_type
                        Band Select Type
  band_gsm_850
                        GSM 850
  band gsm 900
                        GSM 900
                        GSM 1800
  band_gsm_1800
  band_gsm_1900
                        GSM 1900
  band_wcdma_850
                         WCDMA 850
  band_wcdma_900
                         WCDMA 900
  band wcdma 1900
                         WCDMA 1900
  band_wcdma_2100
                         WCDMA 2100
  band Ite 800
                         LTE 800 (band 20)
  band Ite 850
                         LTE 850 (band 5)
  band_lte_900
                         LTE 900 (band 8)
  band_lte_1800
                         LTE 1800 (band 3)
  band_lte_1900
                         LTE 1900 (band 2)
                         LTE 2100 (band 1)
  band Ite 2100
                         LTE 2600 (band 7)
  band_lte_2600
  band Ite 1700
                         LTE 1700 (band 4)
  band_lte_700
                         LTE 700 (band 17)
  band_tdd_lte_2600
                         TDD LTE 2600 (band 38)
  band_tdd_lte_1900
                         TDD LTE 1900 (band 39)
  band_tdd_lte_2300
                        TDD LTE 2300 (band 40)
                        TDD LTE 2500 (band 41)
  band_tdd_lte_2500
```

ОК



set cellular sim 1 phone_number 18620435279

OK
...
config save_and_apply

// save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect



Glossary

Abbr.	Description
AC	Alternating Current
APN	Access Point Name
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
CE	Conformité Européene (European Conformity)
CHAP	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol
CLI	Command Line Interface for batch scripting
CSD	Circuit Switched Data
CTS	Clear to Send
dB	Decibel
dBi	Decibel Relative to an Isotropic radiator
DC	Direct Current
DCD	Data Carrier Detect
DCE	Data Communication Equipment (typically modems)
DCS 1800	Digital Cellular System, also referred to as PCN
DI	Digital Input
DO	Digital Output
DSR	Data Set Ready
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-frequency
DTR	Data Terminal Ready
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution of GSM and IS-136
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EMI	Electro-Magnetic Interference
ESD	Electrostatic Discharges
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
EVDO	Evolution-Data Optimized
FDD LTE	Frequency Division Duplexing Long Term Evolution
GND	Ground
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
GRE	generic route encapsulation
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
HSPA	High Speed Packet Access
ID	identification data
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IP	Internet Protocol
IPsec	Internet Protocol Security
kbps	kbits per second



Abbr.	Description
L2TP	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol
LAN	local area network
LED	Light Emitting Diode
M2M	Machine to Machine
MAX	Maximum
Min	Minimum
МО	Mobile Originated
MS	Mobile Station
MT	Mobile Terminated
OpenVPN	Open Virtual Private Network
PAP	Password Authentication Protocol
PC	Personal Computer
PCN	Personal Communications Network, also referred to as DCS 1800
PCS	Personal Communication System, also referred to as GSM 1900
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PIN	Personal Identity Number
PLCs	Program Logic Control System
PPP	Point-to-point Protocol
PPTP	Point to Point Tunneling Protocol
PSU	Power Supply Unit
PUK	Personal Unblocking Key
R&TTE	Radio and Telecommunication Terminal Equipment
RF	Radio Frequency
RTC	Real Time Clock
RTS	Request to Send
RTU	Remote Terminal Unit
Rx	Receive Direction
SDK	Software Development Kit
SIM	subscriber identification module
SMA antenna	Stubby antenna or Magnet antenna
SMS	Short Message Service
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol
TE	Terminal Equipment, also referred to as DTE
Tx	Transmit Direction
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
USB	Universal Serial Bus
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data
VDC	Volts Direct current
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network



167/166

Abbr.	Description
VPN	Virtual Private Network
VSWR	Voltage Stationary Wave Ratio
WAN	Wide Area Network

Guangzhou Robustel LTD

Address: 3rd Floor, Building F, Kehui Park, No.95 Daguan Road,

Guangzhou, China 510660

Tel: 86-20-29019902

Email: info@robustel.com